MURDER WILL OUT.

The Mystery of the Corpse Found in a Trunk Unraveled.

She was the Victim of Infamous Malpractice.

The Criminal in the Hands of the Police.

The Victim's Sister Implicated in the Affair.

Other Murders Suspected.

THE MYSTERY CLEARING UP.

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—The mystery enveloping the case of a victim of abortion, whose remains were conveyed in a trunk to the Hudson river railroad depot on Saturday, is clearing up. No reason to doubt that the principal criminal is now in the hands of police, and every probability that all concerned in the crime will beforemorning be under arrest.

THE TRUCKMAN FOUND.

All day long a boy who saw the trunk brought up to the depot was scouring the city, aided by the best detectives on the force. At half-past three o'clock, a detective telegraphed to Inspector Walling: "I have the truck. Come to Fifteenth Precinct." At 8 P. M., Eighteenth Precinct telegraphed: "We have the truckman. It appears that, just before 2 P. M., the cyrus Carter was also the driver, went to Warden Brennan, at Bellevue Hospital, and told him that he had taken the trunk mentioned in the papers as found with a dead body in it, and asked him if he thought the police would lock him up if he delivered himself at the police headquarters.

HE WAS DISCHARGED.

On the Warden's assurance that they would not, the truckman, who turns out to be Wm. Peckett, of Twenty-seventh street and First avenue, instead of Tripp, went with Brennan to the Eighteenth Precinct station-house and told Capt. Cameron that, on Saturday, about 2 P. M., a woman came up where his truck was standing, at the corner of Third avenue and Twenty-ninth street, and said she was going to Chicago, and wanted him to take a trunk for her from 667 Second avenue to the Hudson river depot, West Thirty-first street. He asked her if she was going to ride with him, and she answered: "No; I will take a carriage and get over there before you do." He drove to the house given above, which was occupied by Jacob Rosenzweig, a physician; received the trunk and took it to the depot, where he met the woman. After he got the trunk on the truck, and before he started with it, the woman handed Peckett a bill. She did not have change, and took it to a liquor store, changed it, and gave her all but his fare. That was the reason why she did not pay him at the depot. She also asked him to have a rope put around the trunk and a boy who stood there asked the clerk twice for a strap before the clerk paid any attention to him. The truckman and the boy carried the trunk from the truck to the counter, but the boy could not lift his end and the woman helped him. So far the stories of the boy and truckman agree.

SEARCHING THE DOCTOR'S HOUSE.

Captain Cameron, with detectives, then went to the house indicated, on Second avenue. They inquired for Dr. Rosenzweig; he was not in. Captain Cameron posted his detectives under the command of Sergeant Rooney, who knew the doctor. Cameron took possession of the house, and searched it from top to bottom. There were Rosenzweig's wife, her child, four weeks old, a grown up daughter and a servant.

THE ABORTIONIST CAPTURED.

The boy said Mr. Pickett were taken to the house by a woman who answered the description of the woman who accompanied the trunk to the depot. In the meantime, Rosenzweig entered the street. He entered the liquor store near his residence, Second avenue and 122d street. Rosenzweig saw Rooney and endeavored to escape by a side door, but the Sergeant grappled him, and a struggle took place. Officers posted in the house rushed into the store, and Rosenzweig was secured.

ATTEMPT TO LYNCH THE PRISONER.

The people then made a rush for the store, crowding around the doorway, shouting, "Hang him to a lamp-post." The policemen run their prisoner through the crowd, receiving back the excited crowd, put him into a car and took him to the station.

ROSENZWEIG

is a German Jew, very stout, with light curly hair, square face, and whiskers. He has been carrying on a female doctor business about six years. He denies that the trunk was taken from his house, or that he knows anything about it. Last night, Rosenzweig, at 111 Thompson street, six years ago he kept over the corner of Houston and Broadway. Before that he sold lager in Chatham street.

A BRANCH SLAUGHTER-HOUSE.

Later in the evening, information was received that Rosenzweig has a office of similar character at 15 South Fifth avenue, and advertises: "Dr. Ascher, oil. Number 8, Amity Place. Relief in ladies at once. No fee required here until cured." Detectives immediately went to seize the house and arrest all in it.

DISAPPEARANCE OF OTHER WOMEN.

Three different families reported the disappearance of three different women agreeing with the police description of the corpse, and one photograph was handed to the inspector last night, but did not answer to identify the body. Two more photographs will be presented this morning by those who saw the body before it was decomposed.

Later.

THE BODY IDENTIFIED.

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—The body of the young woman found in a trunk at Hudson River depot was identified as a girl who boarded in a house at the corner of Wooster and Bleecker streets.

A SISTER INVOLVED.

A little research resulted in the discovery that a sister of the deceased lived in Brooklyn and that Thursday last a woman of the description given by the carman it was established that she was the woman who hired the corpse and took the trunk to the depot. Officers were immediately dispatched to Brooklyn.

SHE IS SENT FOR BUT HAS FLED.

The address of the woman in question was easily found out, but she had flown twenty-four hours previously. She was well known where she lived, and a thorough description of her was obtained, which was immediately telegraphed to Chicago, where she is supposed to have gone. Another dispatch, and a very urgent one, was sent from police headquarters to Chicago this morning.

AN UNDERTAKER MAKES A STATEMENT.

Notice came to Inspector Walling to-day, from the Eighteenth precinct, that an undertaker had called at the station-house and testified that a man called on him a few days ago and wished him to bury a body, which he stated was that of his servant. Also that he did not care how it was buried, but wished it done quickly, and that he only wanted a hearse.

BOSTON IMPROVED.

The undertaker, who gives his name as Jas. F. Doyle and his place of business as at 658 Second avenue, was then shown the doctor, and identified him as the man who had called on him and wished to have the body of his servant buried. Doyle says he asked the doctor for a certificate, and the doctor wanted to know if she was dead. He replied without. Doyle also says the doctor's manner was calculated to excite suspicion, as he seemed fearful of every sound. Doyle signed the above statement, and declared that he was willing to testify in court at any time.

A HORRIBLE REVELATION.

An examination of the cellar of Rosenzweig's house has been made. In the northwest corner was a heap of dirt from which exhaled a powerful odor. A few turns with a spade and the sergeant brought something to light creating an unbearable stench. It was found to be the chemise of a small woman, covered with blood. A close examination revealed the terrible fact that it had been torn in the back, as if it had last clasped a dead body, and to strip it the persons in attendance had to use force to get it off. And the search revealed a quantity of bloody clothing, all which is carefully packed up and taken to Eighteenth-precinct station-house.

A LOVELY FAIR-HAIRED GIRL.

A dozen of Rosenzweig's neighbors say that three weeks ago a fair-haired lovely girl came to Rosenzweig's house and remained there till about ten days ago, when she was suddenly missed.

A REPORTER'S STATEMENT.

The Times to-morrow will contain the statement of a reporter, claiming that while he was visiting Dr. Rosenzweig at his house, to obtain material for an article for the Times some time ago, he saw there the blonde woman whose remains were found in the trunk on Saturday. Be positively identified the body.

THE SOUTH.

Yellow Fever Quarantine.

MOBILE, August 29.—Seven vessels are detained at quarantine with yellow fever on board.

HEAVY DEFAULT.

P. B. Van Sann to-day passed on F. H. Smith & Co., of Natchez, a forged certificate of a check of Harris & Co., on the Continental Bank for $50,000. Van Sann agreed to buy $150,000 in gold from Smith, who paid Van Sann's forged check in the transaction. Van Sann has decamped for parts unknown.

Yellow Fever—Report of the Board of Health.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Aug. 29.—A few cases of fever have been reported and three of the cases previously [illegible] terminated fatally since yesterday. [illegible] bers of unacclimated persons have died in the city. Opinions are still divided as to the probability of the disease assuming the proportions of an epidemic.

Conservative State Convention.

RICHMOND, VA., Aug. 29.—The Conservative State Convention will meet here to-morrow. A large number of delegates have arrived.

The Courier-Journal.

VOL. XLII. LOUISVILLE, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 30, 1871. NEW SERIES NO. 1,071.

WASHINGTON.

Impecunious Carpet-baggers at the Capital—Subscription Books of the New Loan Closed—Mail Contracts—A Huge Swindle Defeated, Etc.

[Special Telegraphic Correspondence of the Courier-Journal.]

WASHINGTON, Aug. 29.—The vast army of carpet-bag office-seekers here who have taken unto themselves the name of Southern Republicans, have given up their attempt to start a daily newspaper in utter disgust. This Falstaffian battalion, with ex-Governor Holden at their head, were at one time in high hopes that they could raise money enough to commence a publication in this city which would be recognized all through the Southern States as an Administration organ, but three months' hard work have convinced them that subscriptions to such a purpose are all but impossible to obtain, and so the ambitious undertaking has been abandoned. As the next best thing, these itinerants propose to take what money they have already raised and put it into a quasi administration paper already printed here, on the condition that it shall ostensibly be published in the interest of Southern Republicans, and support Grant as their choice for the next Presidency.

[To the Associated Press.]

SIXTH ANNUAL SCHUTZENFEST.

WASHINGTON, August 29.—The sixth annual Schutzenfest of the Washington Schutzenverein commenced to-day. It was numerously attended.

SUBSCRIPTIONS TO THE NEW LOAN CLOSED.

The first two hundred millions of the new five per cent. bonds have all been taken. The subscription books were closed to-day. It is understood that the applications for bonds were in excess of the allowance.

The President appointed Frank Welsh, of Nebraska, Register of the Land Office at West Point, Nebraska.

THE BOILER EXPLOSIONS.

The many recent disasters by the explosion of steamboat boilers are exciting the gravest comment among steamboat men and others in this city, including many of the officials of the Treasury Department who have charge of matters pertaining to steamboat inspection, and it seems that one result of the dealer which exists will be the presentation of valuable suggestions respecting the laws upon this subject when Congress meets in December.

MAIL SERVICE ORDERED.

The Postmaster-General to-day, ordered mail service on the Peoria and Rock Island railroad, between Peoria and Rock Island, eighty-two miles and back, twelve times a week.

ATTEMPTED SWINDLE DISCOVERED.

An attempt was made to-day by a man named Thos. S. Cassidy, to swindle the Metropolitan bank and Lewis Johnson & Co., bankers, out of $35,000, by means of raised certificates of deposit. The fraud was discovered and Cassidy has fled.

MAIL CONTRACTS TO BE RELET.

The Postoffice Department has issued a pamphlet inviting proposals for carrying mails on a large number of routes in the United States, on which contractors have failed to execute their contracts or perform service, and which are now to be relet at the expense of said faithless bidders or contractors.

CHICAGO.

Direct Trade with Europe.

CHICAGO, August 28.—The Tribune this morning says: In response to an article in the New York Bulletin, which says the merchants of Chicago will find it more to their interest to buy their goods in New York than to import direct, the Tribune says: Such information as this requires great experience, and when conducted on a large scale demands liberal expenditures for the maintenance of purchasing agents in the East and abroad. There are not a dozen merchants in Chicago or any Western city who will ever seriously undertake it, replies the Tribune.

"There are already more than one or two dozen of merchants in Chicago who have learned from their own experience the advantages as well as difficulties of the importing trade, and who have their own purchasing agents in Europe constantly who never fail for any single week of the year to receive invoices of goods, on which they pay the Government thousands of dollars in duties for them. We have at least half a dozen merchants who will pay into the treasury an average of more than a quarter of a million dollars each in duties. As to those who import on a large scale, though not as large as this, they are numbered by scores, while those who import one or less merchandise are numbered by hundreds. Under the stimulus of the increased facilities of importation now offered, the number of importers and the extent of their business will greatly increase, so that the opening of the season will see this branch of business developed to an extent vastly greater than that which the opening of the present season promises."

"We have already about three propellers a week, bearing merchandize filled from Liverpool straight through to Chicago, and four weeks from the opening of the Suez Canal from the inland manufacturing towns of England and Scotland, is a fair average of the time occupied en route. These propellers connect with those owned by Allan's from Montreal to Liverpool and Glasgow, and form virtually for freight, a continuous line to Europe. The good effect already witnessed from the establishment of this line of steamers is in making the cheapening of freights, the shortening of time in transit, and the great simplification of the processes of entering goods and discharging the duties upon them.

"There are two inconveniences still experienced, viz: the breaking up of invoices in the transit at Montreal, and the lack of cheap bonded warehousing here at Chicago for bonded goods. These are due, however, to the fewness of the modes of business, and will undoubtedly be remedied before the next spring's business shall set in. One of the results of the advantages named has been a sudden increase of the amount of foreign goods our merchants have ordered, another, the shifting to this route of the large pig and railroad iron traffic, of which Chicago is the center of distribution."

SOON FOR COLFAX—BAD FOR THE REST OF US.

Vice President Colfax has arrived at Minneapolis from his trip to the Red river region. He says his health is now better than if has been for many years. The roughing it has had a wonderfully beneficial effect upon him. Colfax will leave St. Paul for South Bend on Thursday, reaching his home on Saturday.

THE FRIGID ZONE.

Summer Delights of "Greenland's Icy Mountains"—Perpetual Day-break—Arboral Splendors—Flowery Fields.

Birds, Brooks and Babies.

NEW YORK, August 29.—A special dispatch from St. Johns, Newfoundland, announces the return from Greenland of the United States ship Congress, she having made a voyage of twenty-five hundred miles, to Disco, in latitude 70°, in less than thirteen running days. The Congress left St. Johns on the 2d of August, and anchored at Disco on the 10th. On the trip she passed hundreds of immense icebergs and encountered much ice. The season is very open, according to the New York.

On the advance trip daybreak was perpetual. The sun sank below the horizon but for a short time, and the twilight was sufficient to read by all night. The displays of aurora borealis were extremely grand, meteoric lights assuming the shape of magnificent arches, columns, scrolls, spiral stairways, &c.

The Polaris, with Capt. Hall's party, was found at Disco in good spirits and hopeful of their enterprise.

A regular summer was found in Greenland, flowers blooming, brooklets flowing, birds singing, and babies rollicking on the grass. In going to a big glacier the perspiration rolled off like rain-drops.

A most cheerful reception at the party was accorded by the Danish authorities.

The Polaris Sails Poleward.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 29.—Capt. Davenport, of the United States steamer Congress, reports this morning to the Navy Department from St. Johns, N. B., his return from Greenland. His cargo of coal, provisions, &c., was transferred safely from the Congress to the Polaris, and the latter sailed poleward in the afternoon of August 17th, with bright prospects of an open season.

ST. LOUIS.

A Murderer Arrested.

ST. LOUIS, August 29.—John Irwin, who murdered Samuel Van Orden, his son-in-law, in this city last March, was arrested in East St. Louis yesterday.

FIRE FIGHT—ONE KILLED, THREE WOUNDED.

On Saturday last a fight occurred among a number of countrymen who came into Sandoval, Ill., on the Ohio and Mississippi railroad in the morning and remained there till night. They fought among themselves, and one man, named Stevens, was killed and three others dangerously wounded.

The Pat-in-Bay Regatta.

TOLEDO, O., Aug. 29.—The following yachts have been entered for the regatta at Put-in-Bay: Collins, Fleetwing, Lalla Rookh, Phaon, K. C. Barker and Coral, of Detroit; Phantom and Mystic, of Cleveland; Ida Mary and Ogontz, of Put-in-Bay; Restless, of Sandusky; Sportsman and Peerless, of Toledo. The five Canadian yachts attending the regatta will enter upon their arrival at Put-in-Bay, which will be on the 5th of September, the day before the race.

Professor of an Indiana University.

INDIANAPOLIS, August 29.—The learned Dr. A. G. Thomas, late of Georgia, has been elected Professor of Greek in the Northwestern Christian University of Indianapolis.

REVERE.

Public Meeting on the Subject of the Great Disaster—Testimony of the Conductors and Engineer—Funerals of the Victims.

Condition of the Wounded.

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

BOSTON, August 28.—At a large public meeting of the citizens of Swampscott, held this evening, resolutions of condolence with the friends of the killed, and sympathy for the wounded, were passed.

Wendell Phillips offered a resolution to suggest inquiries as to whether railroads could not be required to adopt measures of precaution against the occurrence of such horrors.

Similar public meetings will probably be held here.

CONDITION OF THE WOUNDED.

BOSTON, August 29.—Several persons wounded in the late railroad disaster exhibit unfavorable symptoms to-day.

Edward Williams, of Lynn, aged twenty-three, was badly scalded, and it is thought he cannot survive.

Fred. Browning and J. B. Bettes, both of Lynn, are in a critical condition.

Jefferson Rowe, baggage-master of the Pullman train, who remained at his post, lies at the City Hospital in a precarious situation. His right arm was amputated yesterday, and to-day his left leg will be taken off. He is injured internally and received severe bruises about the face, and his recovery is extremely doubtful.

The number of deaths have reached 32.

FUNERALS OF DRS. GARRETT AND MASON.

The funeral services of the late Rev. Dr. Garrett will take place to-morrow in Arlington-street church. Rev. Calvin Lincoln, a college classmate and an intimate friend, will conduct the service.

Rev. Dr. Mason's funeral will take place on Thursday, at 2 P. M., from the Baptist church at Cambridgeport. The Mayor of Cambridge has ordered flags to be at half-mast throughout the day.

THE INQUEST—THE CONDUCTOR RECALLED.

The Coroner's inquest was continued to-day. John S. Kinghas was recalled and testified that directions were given for slowing when going round curves. Never knew an engineer run by and disregard a signal of danger. There was no rule of the road to require me to leave a man at the signal the approaching train. Should think I could see a train half a mile from my train as it stood that night.

TESTIMONY OF THE ENGINEER.

William O. Brown, engineer of the accommodation train, testified: He got under way when the collision took place. Stopped at Revere three-quarters or one minute looking out for a signal; saw it and started; all at once was forced ahead; heard a crash and saw the cars on fire and great confusion. Just after starting heard a whistle down breaks. Started from Boston a quarter before seven o'clock; the train I assisted should have been 7 o'clock. Felt no anxiety about the express-train. Should think we stopped at Somerville one and a half minutes. Saugus passed at 7:30, and at Everett one minute, Chelsea two minutes, and Revere not more than one minute before we were struck. My place is to look out for the engine, which needed no attention. Had never been any service before employed by the Eastern road. Do not receive any instructions more than what is in the book. It was very foggy that night; judge I could not see more than a quarter of a mile; judge the distance from the depot at Revere to the bridge to be a quarter of a mile. A train can be seen approaching from the bridge to the depot before arriving there. Half a mile is required to stop a train. Should be very cautious if I knew there was a train ahead. Should go on Sunday in running at full speed if I knew there was one ahead. Always have experienced brakemen on the Eastern road. Fifteen minutes behind time for the past ten days.

David A. Stacy sworn—Thought they stopped ten minutes at Saugus branch instead of eight.

ANOTHER CONDUCTOR TESTIFIES.

Albert N. Goodloe, conductor of the Pullman train, was next sworn—The accident occurred at twenty-five minutes past eight. The weather was clear. Had no passengers, only acquainted with persons employed on the road. Did not see any signals on the accommodation train. Should judge that a light could be seen on a straight track half a mile. Was running twenty miles an hour, twenty-five being the usual speed. The first intimation I had of the approach of the accommodation train preceding me was the whistle for down breaks, and in a minute we struck the train. Expecting another train behind me, I sent back two men to notify them. Did not see the Saugus train engine being two-thirds of the way into the rear car with the smoke-stack off. Did not expect or apprehend any special danger. Was capable of running a railroad train. Was baggage-master before promoted to conductor. Had become acquainted with the duties of conductor. Did not know about the time of the accommodation. Saw a train ahead at Saugus branch, but could not tell the distance. I judge that from the time the New York train was stopped at Saugus I ran a mile in the branch when I passed by. Think I could see a signal half a mile. Told the baggage-master that the branch train had just gone, and we must look out for it. Told him from Montreal to the engineer in regard to the train ahead. Knew there was need of caution. Was twenty minutes behind. The train did not run at the usual rate of speed. Was not surprised I knew there was a train ahead. After leaving Everett the speed was increased. Speed was slowed between Chelsea and Revere, near the curve. Should know if the brakes were applied. They were not applied near the bridge. Should judge the distance to be fifty rods between Everett bridge and the depot at Revere. The preceding train has the right of the road. Did not know the other train was at the time. The accommodation train was by long odds the most out of my way. Should not suppose my engineer could see the approaching train. Have known him three years, and consider him a reliable man. Do not know that he ever carried liquor on the train with him. Never saw him intoxicated. Use kerosene on all the cars. I should have been notified if they had encroached on my time in reforwarding me to the station of the time the train left. I should have done so if I had been conductor in Nowland's place. Think my engineer was on the look out for him all the time. Should expect to be notified at every station if the train was running on my time. Should be informed at the depot if the train should have been on my time. Did not obtain that knowledge. Was five minutes late. Saw the engineer after the collision. Had no conversation with him in regard to the accident. He went home. Think he had a right to leave without any authority. Saw him in an hour after the collision occurred.

Question by Adams, State Commissioner—How many cars was your train composed of, and did you yave brakemen according to law?

Answer—Four. A smoking car, Pullman and passenger car and baggage car. There were five men to brake up, and brakes were applied once when the Saugus whistle sounded. We were not running at the rate of ten miles an hour when the collision occurred.

Adjourned until to-morrow at 3 o'clock.

THE OCEAN WAVE.

Recovering the Dead.

MOBILE, August 29.—The steamer Fountain brought over eleven dead bodies this morning from the wreck. This makes a total of thirty-five bodies recovered so far. It is feared that many more are still under the wreck.

The excursionists were mainly composed of the working class with their families.

The Wreck Explored.

RICHMOND, VA., August 28.—A sub-marine diver of Mobile has thoroughly explored the sunken wreck of the Ocean Wave, but failed to discover any bodies. He reports the boat terribly shattered by the explosion.

THE CASUALTIES

are fifty-five killed and twenty-nine wounded. Many persons believed to have been on board the Ocean Wave at the time are still missing. Three more wounded died this afternoon. The report of the death of Willis Merriwether is incorrect.

Speeches of Hon. Geo. H. Pendleton and Senator Thurman at Columbus, Ohio.

COLUMBUS, O., Aug. 29.—Hon. Geo. H. Pendleton spoke here to-day for an hour and three-quarters to a large audience. He commenced by eulogizing Valiandigham and defending his character as a man and politician; after which he delivered substantially his Loveland speech, making no new points.

Senator Thurman followed in a speech of an hour. He discussed the Thirteenth, Fourteenth and Fifteenth amendments, and stated that the Democrats interposed no objection to the Thirteenth amendment, but were as strongly opposed to the Fourteenth amendment and Fifteenth amendment as ever. He denounced the reconstruction measures of Congress, claiming that all the reconstruction accomplished when the rebellion surrendered was for the Southern States to elect Senators and Representatives to Congress. He discussed the reconstructed State governments in detail; said the debts of the States had been increased by negro and carpet-bag government $190,000,000. He denounced the Kuklux bill and the Treaty of Washington.

MEMPHIS.

Seducer Shot by His Victim's Father.

MEMPHIS, August 29.—Captain J. Theodore Adams, a well-known dry goods clerk, employed with Sessoms & Sons, on Main street, was killed to-day by J. W. S. Browne, a prominent man, whose daughter Adams had seduced. Browne called on him yesterday and demanded that he should marry the girl, which was refused. To-day he returned with a shot gun and fired at Adams, who was crouching under the counter, the charge taking effect in the right leg, the only one he had, having lost the other at Petersburg. Adams lived about three hours. Brown surrendered.

FOREIGN.

The Pope on the German Movement—Better Relations Between Germany and France—Dr. Livingstone—The Cholera—Evacuation of the Paris Forts, Etc.

FRANCE.

EVACUATION OF THE PARIS FORTS.

PARIS, August 29.—The Prussians will evacuate the forts near Paris positively on the 5th of September.

THE PROLONGATION BILL, ETC.

PARIS, August 29.—The Journal des Debats deplores the introduction of M. De Faure's amendment in the Assembly yesterday.

The Siecle says that Thiers is opposed to the reading of the report of the committee on the bill for the prolongation of his powers, and will speak against its adoption on Wednesday.

The Deputies of the extreme left, right and left-center held meetings after Monday's sitting of the Assembly to deliberate as to their future conduct.

The Journal has been prosecuted for publishing false news.

A MINISTER RESIGNED.

PARIS, Aug. 29.—M. Larcy, French Minister of Works, has resigned his portfolio.

STRASBOURGERS EMIGRATING.

It is said that since the annexation of Strasbourg to Germany twenty-three thousand of that city have emigrated to France and America.

BORDEAUX NATIONAL GUARD.

PARIS, Aug. 29.—Thiers has promised the National Guards of Bordeaux that, as a token of appreciation for their services to the country, they shall be the last of the citizen army to be disbanded.

COUNT DE CHAMBORD.

It is said that Count de Chambord has disapproved seeking on the part of the legitimists of a successor to Thiers.

PROSECUTED FOR FALSE NEWS.

Several Paris papers have been prosecuted for publishing false news.

ENGLAND.

DR. LIVINGSTONE HEARD FROM.

LONDON, Aug. 29.—The British Consul at Zanzibar writes that Dr. Livingstone, the African explorer, is slowly making his way homeward.

"ALL WORK AND NO PAY."

The Standard states that Mr. Gurney, English commissioner under the Treaty of Washington, receives no compensation for his services.

COLLISION—VESSEL SUNK.

The steamship Prussian, from Quebec, ran down the steamer Aber in St. George's Channel. All on board are believed to have been taken off the vessel before she sunk, though that was but the work of a few minutes.

TEMPERANCE MOVEMENT.

LONDON, August 29.—The conference of the National Union for the suppression of intemperance was held to-day at St. James' Hall. The question was devoted to the consideration of the present license system, and steps taken towards procuring amendments to the law regulating the sale of liquors, which will advance the interests of temperance.

FATAL PETROLEUM EXPLOSION.

LONDON, August 29.—An explosion of petroleum last night on a vessel at Pansoance destroyed the vessel and killed two persons.

VESSEL WRECKED.

The steam tug Osprey has been lost off Dundee. Six persons were drow ned.

RUSSIA.

THE CZAR AND THE EVANGELICALS.

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—The Russian Official Journal publishes a report of Prince Gortschakoff to the Czar in reference to his intercourse with delegates of the Evangelical Alliance, in which he says that he informed the deputation that the question of freedom of conscience was one pertaining to the Government and its people, which the Government desired to maintain. He declared that compliance with some of their requests involved the abrogation of some laws of the Empire, and that the matter of foreign intervention whatever was permitted. His statement that their address had the appearance of intervention in the internal affairs of Russia, was received coldly, especially to the American deputation, who, thereupon, asked leave to submit their own address, but also found to contain only general observations. He at once replied that London address, which looked like a bill of indictment, and subsequently suggested the withdrawal of both addresses to avoid offense. Although he observed no sign of irritation among the members, the recognition of this complete want of success was visible.

GERMANY.

DEATHS FROM CHOLERA.

BERLIN, Aug. 29.—There were three hundred and twenty-nine deaths from cholera in Konigsburg through the week ending the 25th inst., including one hundred and twenty-seven children. No cases or occurrences from cholera at Danzig during the last two days.

THE MEETING OF THE EMPERORS.

The Kraus Zeitung says that, besides the coming visit of the Emperors of Austria and Germany to Berlin, it can be stated that Joseph will meet the Emperor William in November at some point on the Rhine.

BETTER RELATIONS WITH FRANCE.

The Noll Zeitung says that Count Waldersee has been recalled, that Baron Von Arnim replaces him as Charge d'affaires of Germany at Versailles. This, says the above-named journal, indicates that securer relations with France tending to possible future peace will dispense with a military watcher in that country.

ITALY.

THE POPE ON THE GERMAN MOVEMENT.

NEW YORK, August 29.—Foreign advices received refer to the Pope as having recently spoken as follows concerning the course of the Italian government towards the German Catholics:

"I had expected that the German Catholics would be treated with greater justice. I do not conceal from you that I hoped so also a diplomatist as Prince Bismarck would not have provoked discord in the new empire. All measures that are undertaken against the church are always converted to her ultimate gain. They have always re-enforced her, have made her members more compact, have fortified them in their faith."

SPAIN.

QUARANTINE AGAINST YELLOW FEVER.

MADRID, Aug. 28.—All vessels from the islands of Cuba and Old and New Providence are quarantined at Spanish ports to prevent the possible introduction of yellow fever.

SWEDEN.

THE FRENCH ARMY SYSTEM.

STOCKHOLM, Aug. 29.—The Minister of War has submitted to the Chambers a system for the reorganization of the Swedish army system, conscription to be retained and soldiers to be paid one hundred thalers per annum.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, Aug. 29—4:30 P. M.—Consols 93¾; U. S. bonds, coupons of 1862 93¾; old 1865s 93; 1867s 93¾; 10-40s 90¾.

FRANKFORT, Aug. 29.—U. S. bonds of 1862 93¾.

PARIS, Aug. 29—P. M.—Bourse, rentes 55 francs and 95 centimes.

ANTWERP, Aug. 29.—Petroleum 50.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 29—P. M.—Cotton, the market is strong; middling uplands 12¾d; middling Orleans 12¾; sales of 18,000 bales, of which 2,000 bales were for speculation and export; shipments from Bombay since last report to 29th, 1,000 bales. Wheat, spring 10s 4d@10s 7d; receipts of wheat for 3 days 36,000 quarters, of which 25,000 are American.

CANADA.

More About the Boat Race.

HALIFAX, Aug. 28.—There is a prevailing feeling of disgust at the withdrawal of the Paris crew from the great four-oared race Wednesday. They failed to put in until dark on the harbor is too rough for their boat. They assert, however, that they will challenge the winning crew to row in smooth water. They have represented to the Secretary of the Yacht Club that, after going over the course, they found the ground-swell and other difficulties they could not encounter.

It is the opinion of the boat of the Boston crew is warped and they are unable to remedy the defect.

The American crew have adopted red, white and blue colors.

Albert Pilsbury is to be starter; John Hugh, judge, John E. Nyle and J. E. Gaylord Wood, umpires. The latter are Commodore and Vice Commodore of the Yacht Club, and are men of high character, and their decisions will be accepted without question.

BASE BALL.

Haymakers vs. Kekiongas.

FORT WAYNE, IND., Aug. 29.—To-day the second game for the championship, between the Haymakers and Kekiongas, was played in this place and resulted as follows:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T.
Haymakers	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	4
Kekiongas	1	1	0	1	0	2	0	1	0	6

Dean, of the Kekiongas, acted umpire. Time, 1:45.

Mills Destroyed.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 29.—The mill corner of Chestnut and Thirty-first streets, belonging to the Parrish estate, was burned this morning. The loss is $30,000. The mills were occupied by Chambers Bros., gingham makers; Lee & Co., and Geo. Heaton, yarn spinners; Pomeroy, watson cap maker; John H. Lady, boiler maker, and Pugh Bros., auger makers.

The Saratoga Regatta.

SARATOGA, August 29.—Up to this date there has been fifteen entries for the Saratoga International Regatta—five for the four-oared race, ten for the single scull.

A Schooner Wrecked.

PORT BURWELL, ONT., August 29.—The schooner Geo. M. Abls, of Cleveland, came ashore here to-day, and is fast going to pieces.

NEW YORK.

The Anti-Tammany Movement Among the Democrats.

"Radical Saints and White Neck-Clothed Scoundrels."

German Democrats Examining the City Accounts.

"Picked Up at Sea."

THE TRIBUNE DISCOVERS MORE FRAUDS.

NEW YORK, August 28.—The Tribune this morning exposes a system of frauds in the Sheriff's office, by which deputies, assistants and other associated politicians made enormous sums out of persons arrested, charging them exhorbitant fees for trifling services, levying blackmail upon others, and extorting money in every possible manner. Instances are detailed where twenty-five dollars were demanded and received for a deputy to accompany a prisoner on the way to jail, forty dollars for executing a judge's order of discharge, and a number of other similar cases are cited.

ACCOUNTS PUBLISHED.

Another lot of county accounts is published this morning. Among the bills are $117,480 for rents and repairs to armories and drill rooms for the quarter ending May 1, 1871; $235,327 for the County Court-house, and $149,991 to the New York Printing Company from March 31 to June 30. The bond accounts show that the county has now $25,436,850 to pay.

GERMAN INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE.

At a meeting of the General Committee of the German Democratic Union to-night, the following resolutions were adopted, to the effect that it is right that the city and county accounts be examined, and that a revision of the city charter, as passed in 1870 and amended in 1871, is necessary to prevent undue influence of political parties in the Legislature. A committee of three was appointed to examine the city accounts in connection with the Commissioners, Boards of Aldermen, and Supervisors.

ITALIAN NATIVES' CONVENTION.

The convention of natives of Italy, which has been in session here since the celebration, finally adjourned to-day, having previously adopted a constitution more liberal in its scope than the one by which they have hitherto been governed. The next convention will be held in St. Louis.

CITY ACCOUNTS INVESTIGATION.

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—The joint committee of the Board of Supervisors and Board of Aldermen to investigate the financial status of the city, at a meeting yesterday, designated sixteen gentlemen to be associated with the committee in the investigation. Among the gentlemen named were Robt. Lenox Kennedy, Royal A. Phelps, H. B. Claflin, Judge Porter, James Brown, of Brown Bros., Wm. E. Dodge, jr., and Chauncey M. Depew.

THE ANTI-TAMMANY MOVEMENT.

The movement among the Democrats to cut loose from the leaders of Tammany Hall seems to be steadily gaining strength, and there is a prospect that the coming fall election many members of the ring will be thrown overboard. The time for holding the Democratic State convention is not announced, nor is it definitely known whether two Democratic delegations will be made up from this city. The movement among the German Democrats is serious. It seems to have the sympathy, and will probably receive the support of the Manhattan Club faction of this city, but the Tribune thinks that the ties which bind the party to the ring are too strong to be broken; and, further, that, even to-day, Hall, Connolly and Connolly, would not purify the New York Democracy or give an honest government.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE FAIR.

Extensive preparations are being made for the American Institute Fair, which is announced for September 7. A place for the reception of exhibitors' goods is already open.

THE BRAI BRITH.

a benevolent society, and one of the most important Hebrew organizations in the country, held its annual meeting yesterday. Last years' officers were re-elected.

THE GERMANS AGAINST FRAUDS.

A newspaper reporter has been informed by Oswald Ottendorfer, editor of the German Staats Zeitung, that the Germans will take legal measures in the Supreme Court to have the city treasury are established. Ottendorfer said that he had an interview with Gov. Hoffman, at Albany, on the first of August. Hoffman told him he had had no communication with the Tammany leaders since the 12th of July. The Governor asked Ottendorfer to see Hall and Connolly and tell them that if they came again and were true or false, and to advise them that if they were false they ought to deny them. Ottendorfer said he had a conference with those officers, but he thinks they avoided him, and he has not succeeded.

THE FOREIGN TRADE.

An evening paper, editorially speaking of the foreign trade, says that the market for bonds goods now in the United States is overstocked, as it would be disadvantageous for this traffic to be carried on in inland cities. As the West will make a more liberal use of foreign goods with increase of wealth, it is important to cherish the present course of trade by offering inducements for its continuance.

THE LEGISLATIVE CANVASS.

A great deal of private canvassing is already going on in reference to the candidates for both branches of the Legislature, to be re-elected this fall. Some organizations have friends at work preparing for the campaign. Both parties represent that they will run only thoroughly honest and tried men. The last Legislature, though nearly evenly divided politically, had many Republican members who, it is charged, were Tammany bribe-takers.

"WHITE NECK-CLOTHED SCOUNDRELS."

The Tribune says: "If the next Legislature is to be no improvement on the last, morally and intellectually, we trust it will be unchanged politically. We don't want successors to the Radical saints and white neck-clothed scoundrels whom the Albany Argus charges with receiving vast bribes to pass a colminable tax-bills to take out millions from our city treasury in the guise of a bill for a new sewer or new and plastering never done. If such cattle shall buy or steal the Republican nomination, knife them."

THE DEAD ALIVE.

Chief of Police McWilliams last evening received a dispatch from West Troy, announcing that he had discovered McGhee, one of the parties supposed to have been implicated in firing the building on Washington street, Jersey City, and whose body was supposed to have been burned in the ruins.

PICKED UP AT SEA.

The steamer Wilmington, from Galveston, picked up on the 26th, in latitude 36 24, longitude 79 51, a boat containing Francis Munti, first-mate; Menard Simmons, second-mate, and Lewis Schlader, seaman, belonging to the bark Linda, of Philadelphia, from New York bound to New Orleans, which foundered in a hurrican on the 25th, in latitude 25 34, longitude 79. 32. The boat containing Capt. Smith, the steward and four seamen left the bark and was in company with the boat containing Munti during the night of the 25th, when they got separated. Both boats were to steer northwest for the Florida coast. After taking on board the mate's boat and crew the Wilmington steered in different directions for the boat containing Capt. Smith and crew, but without success.

KEROSENE.

The jury in the case of George Jackson, who died from injuries received by the explosion of a kerosene lamp, returned a verdict that he came to his death by burns resulting from the explosion of a kerosene lamp, and the jury find that the oil used in said lamp was dangerous and unfit for use, and they also find that Thomas McGary, Hugh King, and Wm. Collins, manufacturers of said oil, are responsible for the death of George Jackson. The jury call upon the proper authorities to take such action as will prevent any oil being sold at a less grade than twenty degrees Fahrenheit.

LIFE-PRESERVERS.

The Union Ferry Company have ordered 9,000 life-preservers, which, as fast as completed, will be placed on the boats of the company. These, with others ordered elsewhere, will be sufficient to give each boat 100 preservers.

YELLOW FEVER QUARANTINE.

The health offic

COURIER-JOURNAL
LOUISVILLE.
WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUG. 30, '71.

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KENTUCKY NEWS.

Peaches at Mayfield sell at from 10 to 25 cents per bushel.

"A splendid shower gladdened the heart of everybody in this vicinity Saturday evening," says the Paducah Kentuckian.

We learn from the Mayfield Democrat that quite a number of new buildings are in process of erection, and several more in contemplation, at that place.

The Governor offers five hundred dollars reward for the apprehension of John Shacklett, of McLean county, indicted for the murder of Ben. E. Whitaker.

The Mayfield Democrat says: "Base ball seems to be on the decline in Mayfield, but marble-alley-ing in the court-house yard continues with spirit and zeal."

The Frankfort Yeoman says that, "notwithstanding we have had an abundance of rain in this and Anderson county, we understand that in Mercer and Boyle but very little has fallen, and consequently the crops are much short."

The Mayfield Democrat says: "Mr. F. E. Long, of this place, has in his possession a common sow which has given birth to two litters of pigs within the last five weeks. All the pigs of both litters are well formed and in a healthy condition. How is that for high?"

The Lexington Press, of Tuesday, says: "Eight military prisoners were brought up from Frankfort yesterday, and lodged in the jail and ordered to be tried before the court-martial now in session at the military headquarters in this city. The men were principally deserters and thieves and will probably be sentenced to the State prison."

The Maysville Eagle of the 26th says: "On Friday morning, about three o'clock, two white men and a negro left Aberdeen in a skiff to come to Maysville. Unfortunately, the skiff was upset and sank when they were a considerable distance from shore, and one of the white men was drowned. His name was Housch, and he lived in Aberdeen."

The Frankfort Yeoman of Tuesday says: "The streets presented a very lively appearance yesterday. The meeting of the circuit court brought visitors from all parts of the county to town. The farmers were all good natured on account of the recent rains. These rains have secured the late corn crop, furnished stock water and made the fall grass."

The Mayfield Democrat, of Saturday, contains the valedictory of Captain Warren, the editor and editress, and the salutatory of the editor and proprietor, Judge R. J. Peasmon. Judge Peasmon is a "cit" and well known citizen of Mayfield, and we wish for the Democrat, under his management, a continued increase of patronage. The press of Paducah Daily Dispatch assist in publishing a new paper to be started there the 1st of October.

The following gentlemen were on Monday commissioned by the Governor as delegates to represent Kentucky at the Louisville convention to meet in Baltimore: For State at large —Hon. J. F. Bullitt, Louisville; Hon. R. B. Bowling, Lebanon; General Wm. Preston, Lexington; Hon. L. S. Trimble, Paducah. First District—Hon. Reading, of Union. General Dissette. —M. D. Hay, Muhlenburg. Third District—Hon. C. C. Forbes, Barren. Fourth District—I. N. Anderson, Larue. Fifth District—General P. Thomas, Louisville. Sixth District—General Lucius Desha, Harrison. Seventh District—Colonel Hart Gibson, Shelby. Eighth District—Colonel W. T. Dunlap, Garrard. Ninth District—E. C. Pilatter, Mason.

SOUTHERN NEWS.

The Germans of Memphis are anxious to hear Carl Schurz.

A rattlesnake was recently killed in Bullock county, Ga., measuring 11 feet.

Raleigh, N. C., is to have a society for the prevention of cruelty to animals.

It has been estimated that the new crop of cotton will amount to 4,875,000 bales.

The oat crop is fine in Northern Texas, and the corn is also turning out very well.

La Grange, Ga., rejoices in a colored base-ball club, known as the "Lisbe Eagle."

The official vote of North Carolina shows a majority of 6,945 against convention.

Over two hundred snakes have been killed in Ashe county, North Carolina, this season.

A jury at Lynchburg, Virginia, has condemned a negro to be hanged for ipecadiarism.

Manchester, Virginia, has no board of health, and the town has not been cleaned since 1866.

The village of Pickens, South Carolina, is without a bar-room, and there is only one in the county.

A fire-proof warehouse is being built at Columbus, Miss., with capacity for over 5,000 bales of cotton.

A ninety-two pound squash is the latest thing in the way of abnormal vegetables in Jacksonville, Florida.

The Augusta (Ga.) City Council has voted to lease the canal and build another cotton factory at that city.

According to the Jacksonville (Fla.) Union, the leases in and around that city from the recent storm will aggregate $37,000.

The Colorado (Texas) Citizen says the corn crop every day looks better. The census crop of Colorado county will reach 7,000 bales.

House rent in Selma, Ala., is higher than in any place of the same population in the United States—so says the Selma Times.

The Galveston (Texas) News has been shown a stalk of pop-corn in which many of the grains had been popped by the intense heat.

In the county jail at Memphis, Tenn., there are at present one hundred and two prisoners, three of whom are persons of unsound mind.

A Mr. Pierson, of Pittsylvania county, Va., killed a negro last week, by striking him on the head with a stone. The neck was dislocated by the blow.

An old gentleman near Clark's Mills, Dallas county, Missouri, who sought to rejuvenate himself by a game of base ball perished in the attempt.

The price for a husband whipping his wife in Selma, Alabama, is fifty dollars. If the wife whips the husband, twenty-five dollars will foot the bill.

A man in Polk county, Tennessee, is realizing $40 per acre from his watermelon crop this season. From land that is not worth more than $5 per acre.

During a storm at Norfolk, Virginia, last week pieces of white granite stone fell with the rain. The Norfolk Journal has some of the pieces on its table.

The Battleboro (N. C.) Advance says: "A large crowd of negroes from this and Edgecombe counties passed through here this week en route for Louisiana."

A Mr. Dutheridge, of Greene county, Tenn., in attempting to shoot a chicken one day last week, accidentally shot and killed a young man named James White.

The editor of the Arkansas Journal says: "Where our office was two weeks ago now runs the Mississippi river. Out of respect for the Father of Rivers we left.

A little seven-year-old girl, at Huntsville, Texas, manipulates the wires and sends telegraphic messages. She is the daughter of the regular operator at that place.

A gentleman named Hartman, of Davie county, North Carolina, fell and broke his leg one day last week. He died shortly after undergoing the operation of amputation.

The Speaker of the Radical House of Representatives, South Carolina is one T. J. Moses, who with his own hands pulled down the stars and stripes from the flag-staff at Fort Sumter.

Advance sheets from the Census Bureau giving the population of each State show that in Virginia the population is 1,225,163, of which 712,- 089 are white, 512,841 colored, 229 Indians, and 4 Chinese.

The authorities of Charleston, S. C., one day last week ordered out the entire fire department, composed of twelve steamers and seven hand engines, to pump the stagnant water from the cellars and low lots.

A negro boy was caught changing the switches at the railroad depot in Yarboro, N. C., one day last week. He was held to bail, in the sum of three hundred dollars, for his appearance at the next term of the court.

W. J. King, formerly of Atlanta, Ga., who was last heard of in Richmond, Va., has been missing since the late war. Any information as to his whereabouts will be gladly received by his daughter, Mrs. S. A. Yates, Jeffersonville, Ind. Southern exchanges please copy.

The Raleigh (N. C.) Era says: "A soldier at Camp Russell, near this city, was placed in the camp guard-house, on Tuesday evening, for violation of military regulations, and on Wednesday morning, when the prison door was opened to release him, he was found to be dead."

The Galveston (Texas) News notices the arrival at that port of a new vessel built exclusively of Texas wood and put together by Texas mechanics. The vessel was built at San Jacinto and will run between Galveston and Indianola. Her frame is of mulberry and oak, with best heart pine for bottom and decks.

Ex-Governor Pease and others, of Texas, have issued a call for a State convention in Austin, on the 23d of September, to express the sense of the people in regard to the exorbitant expenditures and enormous taxes to which they are subjected, and to "memorialize the authorities to reduce the taxation and to call a general election."

Says the Rutherford (N. C.) Vindicator: "Quite a number of persons charged with offenses under the Kuklux law, were up before Judge Logan and the U. S. Commissioners, last week; most of whom were bound over to the Federal Court, a number of them being already under bonds for their appearance at Raleigh in a sum each some not being able to give bonds were imprisoned."

The Aberdeen (Miss.) Examiner says that a Mr. Tatum, of that county, put up nine quarts-to-bogue stills at different parts of his plantation, which were soon taken possession of by hundreds of martins, that commenced at once to demolish the stillers that destroyed the worm whereby the boll-worm is produced, and Mr. Tatum states, through the Examiner, that he has not found that year a single boll-worm in his hundred acres of cotton.

The Richmond (Va.) Enquirer says: "The new iron steamer which the Virginia Steam Packet Company is building at Rocketts will be finished by the first of December. Her cost will be $160,000—much cheaper than the same steamship could be built at the Northern yards. Her completion will be an event in the history of Richmond and proves that we can build our ships cheaper than Northern people can build them for us."

The Yazoo City (Miss.) Democrat records the death of a little boy, eight or nine years old, son of Dr. Kidd, of that city. The death occurred under the following circumstances: "The deceased some ten days since, while engaged in play with a few of his comrades, unfortunately drove a large splinter of wood into his foot, from which lockjaw ensued, causing his death after near a week of painful and excruciating suffering."

The Brookhaven (Miss.) Citizen is responsible for the following rather hard story: "A young lady living three miles west of here, while employed at cooking supper the other night, had occasion to go to the bake-oven part of the stove by a frying-size. Upon opening the door, she discovered it was a rattlesnake which had crawled in there during the evening, and got fastened in. His snakeship was past all danger when discovered—was baked to a crisp."

Base ball playing once in a while results in something worse than broken bones, &c. The Memphis Avalanche records the death of a small boy in that city, which occurred on the 18th inst., from a blow received while striking at the bat slip from his hand, and it hit the little fellow on the temple, inflicting injuries that resulted in death the following day. The ball-player cannot be summoned for killing the boy, as the men of the Memphis baseball player is good evidence as to his character.

The Columbia (Tenn.) Herald relates the following hard story: "Mr. G. D. Williamson, who lives near Culleoka, has a calf three days old that is to have. It is now about twelve months old, and its mother is now dead. When calved it was a deep red color, and was so for four months after. The calf strayed off, got on the railroad, and had one of its legs broken. It was carried back home, and, after a massive lightning rod was put on, and the calf turned perfectly black. Mr. J. M. Reeves and Mr. Williamson saw the calf and vouch for the truthfulness of the above."

The New Orleans Republican of Sunday says: "Gen. Hugh H. Campbell, Major John W. Swords and Colonel John E. Howard left the city last evening on the Jackson railroad train for New York, where they will join the committee to wait upon General Grant and urge the removal of the federal officeholders here who employed bayonets and Gatlin guns to thwart the will of the Republican people of Louisiana." The question is proposed when and against whom (Democrats) the Radicals of Louisiana can stand well enough, but those Gatlin guns, they are horrible, horrible."

The Bay St. Louis (La.) Gazette has a novel plan for a hotel. After mentioning the project for a new hotel in Pass Christian, the Gazette says: "We would suggest the erection of a large first-class hotel at this place, on a plan still a little more original than the one at Pass Christian. It could be built in the water itself. The building erected on large iron screw piles, such as the immense lighthouses on the eighth lighthouse district are built upon, would not be much more expensive than one built on the land; would not be damp, and could be connected with the beach by a broad, substantial wharf, and would present inducements in the way of bathing, fishing, breeze and seacoast enjoyments generally, that no other hotel built on land could offer to its guests."

A Georgia Prophet.

In an article headed as above, the Germantown (Penn.) Daily Chronicle says:

Mr. ALEX. H. STEPHENS continues to be a source both of edification and amusement to the Southern press and to the outside world. The Southern press has formerly commended that process as being declared a success. The Georgia SPHINX indeed does call him so, and by the same token he is a humbug. Captain Jack Frost delight in thrusting at him with his pastard, which is uncommonly bright and keen, and which the patient Georgian knows as Magnolia Balm. He does not always very successfully elude. Other journals, less brilliant but probably not less sagacious, have likened Mr. STEPHENS to Job's more ponderous weapons of argument, but he seems entirely invulnerable to them. He goes on with his three-column editorials, becoming only more bitter from the attachment him, a sterling fossil of Union, General Dissette, and unrepentant rebel, who not only sees no error in what he has done before, but cannot see the folly of trying to do it again.

The Chronicle is mistaken in saying that the COURIER-JOURNAL has called Mr. STEPHENS a nuisance or by any harder names. The distinguished Georgian is in no sense a nuisance, and we have certainly never spoken of him as such. We recognize him as one of the most honest, conscientious of men, and, while we differ from him very decidedly upon some of the important political questions of the day, we concede to him, of course, the same right to express his views that we claim for ourselves. These views he expresses boldly, but candidly and courteously, through the columns of his paper, the Atlanta Sun, and if there are those who regard him as a nuisance—but we are satisfied that there are none such—they can very easily abate that nuisance, so far as they themselves are concerned, by leaving his paper unread. Nobody questions either the political or personal integrity of Mr. STEPHENS, and all who know him respect his opinions, whether they indorse them or not. In the field of controversy he is not an adversary to be despised, and he who characterizes him as a nuisance in that or any other field thereby bespeaks himself such. Mr. STEPHENS stood before his country as a great and good man when great and good men were far less and few and far between than at the present time, when it may be said, even more truthfully than in the time of COWPER, that the day of virtuous politics is past, and, although he may be guilty of mistakes, he is capable of nothing worse.

We say this much in justice to Mr. STEPHENS, who is perhaps not so well known to the younger journalists of the North as he is to us; for, as a politician, he passed from the stage of action at the time at which they were just coming upon it. It is true he has re-appeared thereon within the last few months; but he brings with him, not the young, fresh, vigorous and progressive ideas of to-day, but the obsolete opinions of a day that is dead. This is to be regretted, for his opinions are still worth much among the masses of the South, no matter how worn and threadbare they may be. It is to be regretted that, in defense of a restless and impracticable faction, he has taken up arms against the great Democratic party of the nation, and is making a fight whose sole tendency is to defeat that party in the all-important struggle of the coming year. The people of the South can hope to gain nothing whatever by pursuing the line of policy which he advises them to adopt, but will stand an excellent chance to lose everything. Every Democratic State Convention which has recently assembled, from Maine to New Mexico, has pronounced against the opinions in the advocacy of which Mr. STEPHENS is the Corypheus at the South, and all such conventions yet to be held will unquestionably do the same thing; a large majority of the statesmen in whom the people of the two great sections of the Union most confide have accepted as just and right and proper the principles enunciated by the Democracy of Ohio and reaffirmed by that party wherever it has spoken; and, in assuming an attitude of hostility to those principles, Mr. STEPHENS not only allies himself to a rapidly dissolving minority, but endangers the success of a struggle upon which depends the highest interests of the whole country. We must win in the next race for the Presidency, or suffer the rule of a military despotism with a heartless and soulless and brainless adventurer at its head, but we can never win through the course marked out by Mr. STEPHENS. His counsels lead to inevitable defeat, and, should the Democracy follow them to the end, they will deserve no sympathy when, the battle having been fought and lost, their enemies shall laugh at their calamity and mock at their fear.

The Saginaw Valley and the Struggle for Trade.

It is not our usual custom to notice editorial junketings and excursion parties. The individuals who thus start off together for a brief rest from arduous duties inevitably have a good time; but the incidents of their journey are rarely of interest to the public at large. An exception, however, is to be made to this custom in respect to the excursion to the Saginaw Valley, taken last June, by various editors, some of them from our own city, accompanied by committees from the Cincinnati Board of Trade and Chamber of Commerce.

Of the junketing and feasting there is no need to make mention. Every one is familiar with the usual routine of toasts and speeches and sentiments and quotations that are given during such occasions. The glow of good fellowship casts a rosate hue over everything, and genial feeling so heartily abounds that the oldest jokes, the stalest sentiments and the most common-place remarks are accepted as the funniest, the freshest and the most eloquent of utterances.

These have been fully recorded in a sprightly, vivid manner by LAURA REAM, who was elected historian of this merry excursion, in a little volume now before us, containing also a valuable map of the great Saginaw route. It preserves in a great measure the buoyancy of spirit and susceptibility to beauty that generally accompanies such parties. But the opening of a new line of all rail, unbroken connection with a region that teems with a large and enterprising population, producing, at lowest cost, the raw materials that our manufacturing industry elaborates, and ready and anxious to share our commerce, deserves a notice at our hands, independent of the courtesy due our fair friend, to whom we owe our thanks for this pleasant account of a pleasant trip.

Saginaw Bay, an arm of Lake Huron, three hundred and ninety miles north of Cincinnati, and bordering upon a region of remarkable fertility, and rich in its natural productions of salt and lumber, is now joined, by an almost air-line of railroad, to our city. The lumber that has heretofore reached us from this region, by way of Chicago or Detroit, required from nine to thirteen days in its transportation; by this new route, it can be loaded on the cars at Saginaw and landed here, without change, in three days. The saw-mills at Saginaw have a capacity of forty million feet per annum; and the salt works there produced last year over six hundred and forty-five thousand barrels of salt. Within a radius of a few miles from Saginaw City is a population of fifty thousand persons, as active, intelligent and prosperous as many an older-settled part of the country. East Saginaw, that in 1850 had a population of seventeen souls, now numbers thirteen thousand inhabitants, and is in all respects a substantial city, with street railways, Nicolson pavements, gas, and daily and weekly newspapers.

Such rapid growth in this section of the country is surprising, and our citizens should be alive to the importance of securing a share in the large trade that is developing there with almost unequaled activity. While the attention of our merchants has, naturally enough, been directed to the extension of facilities for the Southern trade, a shrewd outlook should be maintained in every direction to make use of every possible advantage for the good of our city. A little wholesome public spirit, a willingness to co-operate with one another, a little intelligent union by which the excellences of our city would be widely advertised, is what is especially needed by our city. The interests of an individual, in this case, are the interests of all; and if some young man, with a talent for executive business, should devise some practical exhibition of our city's resources—some large and attractive display of our natural and artificial productions—he would find help and encouragement on every side, and would reap a large harvest of wealth and honor. There are a dozen young men we could readily name, of keen business habits and ability, who have the confidence of our mercantile community, and could readily carry through a scheme of this kind. These young men know many others who would do efficient service if enlisted in this cause. Let them consult together, and at once put in motion the forces to secure the attention of our neighbors to what we can do in art, science and manufacture. They will find every one ready to lend a helping hand. Our rich and cultivated merchants, who have accumulated in their homes the treasures of paintings and sculpture from the highest masters of art in our own and foreign countries, would cheerfully loan their choicest specimens to beautify an exhibition which would do so much for our city. Our most skillful artisans would take pride in exerting themselves to the utmost to achieve the best results, each one in his own line of artistic workmanship, that would reflect credit upon city and individual alike in such an exhibition. Our mechanics, unsurpassed in the exact and substantial and beautiful work they execute in foundery and machine shop, would furnish castings and machines and engines that any city might be proud to own as executed in her limits.

We need not specify our artists, our inventors, our tradesmen, for every one would cheerfully assist in an enterprise managed by our best citizens. It only needs a firm beginning on the part of even a single business man to awaken an enthusiasm that would overcome all difficulties and achieve a triumphant success that would make such an exhibition an established institution, sure of constant repetition, and yielding a regular return of inestimable advantage.

The Condition of Paris.

The municipal authorities of Paris are busily at work repairing the devastations caused by the vandals of the Commune, and are straining every nerve to remove all traces of the recent horrible and disgraceful struggles. But, immense as the amount is at which the injury inflicted to the city has been estimated, it falls nevertheless far below the reality. The city had authorized an extra credit of four hundred millions of francs to repair in some measure the damage, and it was believed that this sum would suffice for the most urgent and necessary repairs; but, according to a recent cable dispatch, this enormous credit is found to be entirely inadequate to the demands. This estimate includes by no means any of the destroyed monuments or palaces, but is required solely for the restoration of the most necessary public buildings and the repairs of the public thoroughfares and bridges. There is hardly a street in Paris which does not need repaving, for the erection of barricades, the transport of heavy artillery, the devastations caused by the many shells and iron missiles and the falling of destroyed buildings, have caused such havoc that a person might have imagined all this destruction to have been caused by the shocks of an earthquake. Besides this, nearly all the many bridges of the Seine have to be rebuilt, the railroad tracks relaid, the depots restored, while the repairs in the splendid network of sewers will cost many millions. Not a *sou* of this will besides go to cover the injury sustained by private individuals whose property was destroyed during the struggle, and a correct estimate of whose losses would be very difficult. The Parisians have suffered indeed severely for the culpable indifference they showed at the beginning of the Communist insurrection.

☞ The New York Sun says: "The COURIER-JOURNAL opines that the appointment of Governor ASHLEY as Minister to Brazil does not indicate that GRANT is buying up his enemies, but that the enemies are buying up GRANT. This must be a great mistake. The enemies have had too much experience to think of buying such a failure at any price." Perhaps you are right. But if his enemies haven't bought him, it wasn't because he isn't always for sale.

☞ The great American-Rescue, of Shelbyville, Tenn., one of the brilliant leaders of Bourbonism in that State, tells us that "the cholera is a fearful disease, and but few escape who fall victims to its ravages." This is a fact heretofore wholly unsuspected by even the most learned of the medical profession, and, if it be true, it is the duty of the whole country to sprinkle itself with carbolic acid at once.

☞ A London dispatch informs us that "immense preparations are being made for the departure of the Marquis of Lorne for Canada." This would seem to indicate that the royal son-in-law intends to bring over an extra clean shirt with him.

☞ "Why," asks the New York Express, "could not Speaker BLAINE act the gentleman?" That is what he ought to have done, certainly. But then, you know, there are some men who *can't* do it, to save their lives.

☞ "A bad man, like GRANT," is an expression used by the New York Sun. We hope, for the credit of humanity, that there is no bad man like GRANT.

☞ "The President," says the Missouri Democrat, "is sworn faithfully to execute his office." Then, why the mischief doesn't he do it?

☞ CARL SCHURZ declares that GRANT packed the Supreme Court. And the worst of it is, the thing was not worth the packing.

CITY ITEMS.

☞ The sale of fine furniture at the Rectory adjoining St. John's Church, on Jefferson street, between Tenth and Eleventh streets, takes place this morning at 10 o'clock. The ladies and those in want of fine furniture are invited to be present. S. G. Henry & Co., auctioneers.

☞ The attention of housekeepers and dealers is called to the sale of household goods. See auction column.

☞ Wintersmith's Tonic Syrup or Improved Chill Cure is meeting with extraordinary success. It never fails when properly taken to cure the most obstinate case of fever and ague. For sale by all druggists.

☞ Wintersmith's Tonic Syrup or Improved Chill Cure.
Wintersmith's Buchu and Palsera Brava.
Wintersmith's Worm Candy or Santonin Lozenges.
Wintersmith's Iodized Sarsaparilla and Stillingia.
For sale by Springer & Bro., Druggists, 91 Market street, between Third and Fourth.

Testimony of L. O. Shenault, a Prominent Merchant of Baldwin, Miss.
LOUISVILLE HOTEL, Oct., 1870.
DR. C. H. WINTERSMITH—Dear Sir: I arrived here on the 26th September, from Baldwin, Miss., quite feeble, having had continued chills for five consecutive months. During that period I made use of several remedies, but with only temporary effect. The use of only one bottle of your valuable Chill Tonic has relieved me entirely. I am now a sound, healthy man, and take great pleasure in recommending your valuable Tonic to the afflicted. Truly your friend,
L. O. SHENAULT.

Read the Certificate of a Prominent Citizen of Forrest City, Arkansas.
FORREST CITY, ARK.
Dr. C. H. Wintersmith:
DEAR SIR: This is to certify that I used your Chill Tonic with success, after various other remedies failing. I had been chill ing for fourteen months regularly, never missing more than six weeks at a time.
I used quinine and other chill medicines, but obtained no satisfactory result until I tried your Wintersmith's Tonic. It has made a permanent cure.
W. W. CASTEEL.
FEBRUARY 20th, 1871.

LOCAL NOTICES.

The Ladies' Pronunciamento!

While protesting against all the old, worthless domitrosse now in the market, the ladies, with one consent, have adopted the *Sozodont* as the one thing needful to insure the integrity of the teeth and a fragrant breath.

Important to the Ladies.

It is said that ladies who are troubled by pimples, sallowness, moth-patches, ring-marks, &c., may obliterate the evidences of their mortification and add immensely to their personal beauty by the use of an article now being sold by our druggists known as Magnolia Balm. We should think such a thing would be very popular.
aul6 eodtim

☞ Burnett's Kalliston is the greatest face beautifier.

The Best Hair Dressing

in the world is Lyon's Celebrated Kathairon. It has been tested for over 30 years, and is constantly growing in favor. It not only beautifies the hair, but causes it to grow luxuriantly, and prevents it from falling out and turning gray.
aul6 eodlm

☞ *New Dye House, Jefferson, between Fourth and Fifth.* au27 d6

☞ See advertisement of Dr. Butts' Dispensary, headed "Book for the Million—Marriage Guide," in another column. It should be read by all.
au17 d&wly

MARRIED.

CARTER—HARDIN—On Sunday evening, Mr. JAMES CARTER to Miss EDMONA HARDIN, of Washington county, Ky.

DIED.

TRAVIS—At her residence in Shepherdsville, on Tuesday morning, August 29th, 1871, Mrs. HARRIET TRAVIS, aged 67 the late Frederick Travis.
☞ Cheriotown (Mo.) papers please copy.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

The funeral of WILLIAM GARRETT CHERSHAW will take place to-day, August 30th, at 10 o'clock, from family residence, No. 405 Third street. Portland. Friends of the family are invited.

RAILROAD STATEMENT.

Elizabethtown & Paducah Railroad

Secretary and Treasurer's Report.

EXPENDITURES.

Grading	$1,129,715 56
Bridge masonry	224,506 45
Bridges	197,606 38
Bridge superstructure	144,944 08
Railway superstructure	17,078 39
Engineering	158,879 71
Land for road and stations	23,712 45
Fencing	20,360 60
Track-laying	31,412 85
Engine-house and turn-tables	19,826 10
Rolling stock	130,999 49
Chairs and spikes	64,393 44
Ballast	3,509 24
Water-stations	2,345 84
Section-houses	6,941 88
Shop building	977 31
Depot buildings	12,655 51
Expense account	52,063 87
Interest account and discount on Bonds	162,975 19
Profit and loss	5,194 48
	$3,041,888 93

RESOURCES.

Interest due from counties	$ 63,545 61
Due by county stockholders	80,366 83
Due by Louisville stockholders	39,014 53
Sundry Persons	2,856 50
L. & N. R. R. Stock	12,807 00
Colwell co. bonds	281,000 00
Muhlenberg co. bonds	116,300 00
Lyon co. bonds	142,900 00
McCracken co. bonds	392,000 00
Elizabethtown bonds	70,100 00
	$1,009,900 00
Bills receivable	15,383 19
Cash on hand	224,600 48
Shop and fuel stock	8,089 54
	$4,475,545 69

LIABILITIES.

Of the $3,000,000 mortgage bonds authorized to be issued we have parted with	$997,000 00
Bills payable	400,966 56
Due contractors (reserve accounts)	42,527 66
Due sundry persons	1,101 46
Capital stock	3,103,850 00
	$4,475,445 69

au30 d3 A. A. GORDON, Sec. and Treas.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

CABLE SCREW WIRE BOOTS & SHOES

—ARE—

Claimed to be the Best,
Acknowledged to be the Best,
Proved to be the Best.

THEY ARE THE

MOST PLIABLE,
MOST ECONOMICAL,
MOST COMFORTABLE,
MOST DURABLE.

WILL NOT RIP.

Rapidly superseding Sewed and Pegged Work. The Patent Stamp is on all.

SOLD BY ALL DEALERS.

A single trial will make good all these claims.
au20 d1m

REMOVAL.

REMOVAL.

THE Colton Dental Association has removed to No. 1205½ Fourth street, between Jefferson and Market, where Dr. Gildea will be pleased to meet his former patrons. He is prepared to perform all operations in dentistry at reasonable charges.
au27 eod3mSuWed&Fr

LACE GOODS.

CHAS. F. RAUCHFUSS' Cheap Lace Store,

108½ Fourth street.

Chemisettes;
Lace Collars and Sleeves;
Corsets;
Black Silk Lace Shawls at $5;
Alexander Kid Gloves at $1;
Muslin Curtains at 75 cents per yard, worth $1 25.
Great Bargains in Black Lace Flounces and Real Lace Valls.
au15

FOR LEASE.

BROADWAY HOTEL AND FURNITURE FOR LEASE.

THIS HOTEL is well located, and has a fine run of business, and will be leased for one or more years, with the furniture, from the 1st of September next. Apply to
JOSEPH S. WOOLFOLK, Agent,
au16 eodt8el Lexington, Ky.

PIANOS.

PIANOS.

J. BIMEAN. E. ROSEN

HINZEN & ROSEN,
PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS,
Market street, n. s., bet. Sixth and Seventh
LOUISVILLE, KY.

An assortment of good second-hand Pianos for sale or rent very cheap. Will rent, and let the rent of new pianos apply to the purchase.
au6 d1f

SPECIAL NOTICES.

WHISKEY.

ARE you one who complains of suffering dampness in your system under the extra strain imposed on his vitality? We say unto you that we have a variety of substances to purify his blood and brighten his spirits. Under such treatment, of course, his strength has given way, and his energies have become exhausted. What he requires is a restorative, not a depressant. His nerves require this; his nerves have lost their natural tension, and unless furnished with the requisite food for renewal, he will remain nothing but a nervous wreck.

For nearly a score of years Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has been building up broken constitutions, arresting and weakening attenuated frames, and affording comfort, ease, and hope to thousands. As a preventive of the complaints which make such havoc with the health of the inhabitants of new settlements, this famous tonic is certainly without a rival. Perhaps the principal portion of its world-wide fame is attributable to its thorough purification of dyspepsia and all forms of indigestion. Next in order are not a moiety of its triumphs. All the types of biliousness yield to its persistent use. It is a regulating medicine of the highest order, and a specific for the secretions, when irregular, is most salutary.

Imposition of the grossest character is sought to be practiced upon the community by vendors of fiery compounds, which they call whiskey, fiery compounds of a dangerous character, which they attempt to substitute for the great medicine, which is the only one of all such compounds which I now offer to the public, and they made a perfect cure of me. It seemed to me that I could feel them penetrating my whole system, and soon ripened the matter in my lungs, and I would spit up more than a pint of offensive yellow matter every morning for a long time.

"As soon as that began to subside my cough, fever, pain and night sweats all began to leave me, and my appetite became so great that it was with difficulty I could keep from eating too much. I soon gained my strength, and have been in flesh ever since.

"I was weighed shortly after my recovery," added the Doctor, "then looking like a mere skeleton; my weight was only ninety-seven pounds; my present weight is two hundred and twenty-five (225) pounds, and for years I have enjoyed uninterrupted health."

Dr. Schenck has discontinued his professional visits to New York and Boston. He and his son, Dr. J. H. Schenck, Jr., still continue to see patients at their office, No. 15 North Sixth street, Philadelphia, every Saturday from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. Those who wish a thorough examination with the Respirometer will be charged $5. The Respirometer declares the exact condition of the lungs, and patients can readily learn whether they are curable or not.

The directions for taking the medicines are adapted to the intelligence even of a child. Follow these directions, and kind Nature will do the rest, excepting that in some cases the Mandrake Pills are to be taken in increased doses; the three medicines need no other accompaniments than the simple instructions that are given with them. First create appetite. Of returning health hunger is the most welcome symptom. When it comes, as it will come, let the despairing at once be of good cheer. Good blood at once follows, the cough lessens, the night sweat is banished, and a short time both of these morbid symptoms are gone forever.

Dr. Schenck's medicines are constantly kept in tens of thousands of families. As a laxative or purgative, the Mandrake Pills are a standard preparation; while the Pulmonic Syrup, in the court of coughs and colds, may be regarded as a specific tasteless against consumption in any of its forms.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic, $1 50 a bottle, or $7 50 a half-dozen. Mandrake Pills, 25 cents a box. For sale by all druggists and dealers.

R. MACREADY & CO., N. E. corner Columbia and Walnut streets, Cincinnati, O., wholesale agents.
oct31 deodly M W&F

John Baker & Co.'s Genuine

COD LIVER OIL!

The only certain remedy for consumption. Waste no time with medicines that offer only temporary relief. This once procures this specific. Genuine Cod Liver Oil is acmitted by the best physicians in the land to be superior to any other. We have the only parties making a special business of manufacturing the article. Sold by druggists everywhere.
JOHN C. BAKER & CO.,
set W&Sslyl Philadelphia.

SPECIAL ELECTION.

Judge of Fourth Judicial District.

We are authorized to announce Hon. ROBERT C. BOWLING, of Russellville, as a candidate for Circuit Judge in the Fourth Judicial District, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Judge J. E. Halsell. Election Saturday, September 30th.
au26 dawle

CORPORATION NOTICES.

Notice.

OFFICE OF THE ELIZABETHTOWN AND PADUCAH R. R. CO.

THE coupons of the mortgage bonds of this company, due the 1st of September, 1871; the coupons of the county bonds of Muhlenburg, Caldwell and McCracken, due the 1st September, 1871; also, the coupons of the county bonds of Grayson and Lyon and the town of Elizabethtown, due the 1st of October, 1871, will be paid at this office on presentation at and after maturity.
au29 d1sep1 A. A. GORDON, Sec.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

EDWARD P. PITTMAN, JOHN C. SHERLEY,
Recently of St. Louis, Mo. Louisville, Ky.

PITTMAN & SHERLEY,
Commission Merchants,
AND
MANUFACTURER'S AGENTS,
No. 59 Main street, Louisville, Ky.
au16 d3m

J. N. ROBSON,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
Nos. 1 & 3 Atlantic Wharf, & 68, East Bay,
CHARLESTON, S. C.,

HAVING ample means for advances, a business experience of twenty years, and confining himself strictly to a commission business, without operating on his own account, respectfully solicits consignments of Cotton, Flour, Corn, Wheat, etc. Shippers of produce to him may, at their option, have their consignments sold either in Charleston or New York, thus having the advantage of two markets without extra commission.

References—Bishop W. M. Wightman, S. C.; Rev. T. O. Summers, D. D., Tenn.; Col. Wm. Johnson, Charlotte, N. C.; Hon. Thos. P. King, Augusta, Ga.; Messrs. Williams, Birnie & Co., New York.; Messrs. G. W. Williams & Co., Charleston, S. C.
jy14 deod3m

FOR RENT.

FARM FOR RENT.

I WILL rent, for one year, a tract of 200 acres of land, situated in Boyle county, near the turnpike road leading from Danville to Harrodsburg, and about five miles from each place, well improved, with a comfortable house and all necessary out-buildings. The farm is well set in grass, and is a desirable one in every respect. Terms moderate. For further information address L. C. OWSLEY,
au26 eodtf Lebanon, Ky.

BUSINESS CARDS.

CEMETERIES, GARDENS AND PLEASURE GROUNDS handsomely designed and laid out by BENJ. GROVE, Cemetery Engineer, 20th street.
jy26 d3m*

LOUISVILLE MALT-HOUSE, 21 and 23, Sixth st., bet. Main and river. STEIN & DOERN, proprietors.

LANE DAVID—Sheet-iron worker, 473 & 475 Main st., north side, between Twelfth and Thirteenth.

MISCELLANEOUS.

To Whom It May Concern.

BE it known that W. O. Williams, George A. Hoagland, W. Weir, R. Mackenzie, William Wheeler, A. Blaine Johnson, Frederick Byrne, and Thomas Byrne, have associated themselves together as a limited partnership, under the name and style of the Avenue Market-house and Real Estate Association of Louisville, Kentucky. Their place of business will be in the city of Louisville, Kentucky. The nature of the business to be transacted by said Association is principally the buying of sufficient realty to build or erect a building three stories in height, containing a basement store-room, hall for public meetings, and

For sale by
mh5eodtf Wholesale Druggists, 272 Main st.

Specialties.

DEPOT for Grimault's & Rigaud's French Preparations.
Depot for Caswell, Hazard & Co.'s Preparations.
Depot for Lubin's "
Depot for Tilden & Co.'s "
Depot for Pongera's Nutritive "
mh2 eodtf Wholesale Druggists, 272 Main st.

Drugs.

100 LBS Gum Myrrh;
25 " Canada Balsam;
200 lbs Pow'd Rhubarb;
100 lbs Pow'd Jalap;
For sale by
mh5 eodtf Wholesale Druggists, 272 Main st.

EDUCATIONAL.

Rocker Female College,

LEXINGTON, KY.

WELL selected course of study. Special department for all the ornamentals branches. Faculty large, able, and experienced. Extensive grounds for recreation. Excellent buildings, 150 by 50 feet, of stone, containing 135 apartments, commodious chapel, nice recitation, ornamental, play and bath-rooms; warmed by steam and lighted with gas. Only two young ladies occupy a room. Cost of improvements over $100,000.

Charges as low as any school offering equal advantages in the United States. Fall term commences September 11th, 1871.

For catalogues address
H. HOCKER, Proprietor,
OLIVER GRAHAM, A. M., President.
T. L. HOCKER, Secretary. au16 d1mcSu

MT. ST. BENEDICT ACADEMY.

CLASSES in this well-known Institution of learning (formerly "Cedar Grove Academy") will be opened on the first Monday of September.

The school is under the direction of the Lorettos Sisterhood, and is provided with a corps of teachers in every way fitted to train the female mind in those sciences and branches of knowledge which pertain to a thorough education. The school is situated in the Portland suburbs of Louisville. It is surrounded by several acres of shady grounds, and its location equally healthy and beautiful. Send for catalogues.

References can be made to Rev. Dr. McCloskey, or any of the Catholic clergy of Lou

COURIER-JOURNAL

WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUG. 30, '71.

SMALL TALK.

TEXAS TO GREELEY.

Dear Horace, why do you query
The woman movement?
Know'st not, shrewd, penniless old man,
It's an improvement?
GREELEY TO TEXAS.
Thou, you're an ass—you're foolish—
Women are a bore;
I'm tired of your f——d nonsense—
See you Theodore?

"VIN DE BISMARCK" is the new name for lager beer.

MRS. A. T. STEWART dresses plainly and says she "can afford to do it."

ARCHBISHOP TRACH'S paragraphs are never feeble. He is always out of humor.

REV. BUTLER, who has so long been a grand vizier, is now a grandfather, and it's a boy.

MR. GREELEY will pour forth his agricultural soul at the Lafayette, Ind., fair on September 5.

AN old dog in Corydon, Indiana, has survived four bullets and twenty-eight doses of strychnine.

THE Republican [illegible]apers omit the concluding paragraph of President's proclamation.

SPECIE is now so infinitesimal that a "sleepy eyelash before the throne of [illegible]ngress, nodding a decent assent, is more calculated to [illegible]ve specie in quite a rush. There is no precedent for it, and perhaps no parathere.—The Times.

THE local editor of the Detroit Post accordingly stands a column of matter from the local columns of the Courier-Journal, the business of gathering them in Detroit about as it all times, and in the local editor of the Post at all times busies in the business.

YOUNG men should beware how they attend camp meetings. "A young lady at the Ohio camp meeting asked the privilege of sleeping in her brother's tent, which was granted, and on retiring she requested to be called early, as she was going to see a sunrise; but he overslept himself, and though she went bug hite to death."

LYDIA THOMPSON brought down the house at Wallack's last Saturday night. She sang:

"If ever I cease to love,
If ever I cease to love,
May Grant become the slave
Of the principle that he's got,
If ever I cease to love."

THE French have the best pub-lic-ations and the worst national debt in the world. The American have the best dentists and the most bad teeth of any people in the world. The English have the best corn doctors and the most corns of any people in the world. The Germans have the best beer and the fewest headaches of any people in the world.—Cin. Com.

THE window-pane-photograph story is now supplemented by a romance from Cairo to the effect that the likeness of a beautiful woman has come to the surfaces of a little girl's old handkerchief. The Bulletin says: "The believers are a class of regular, what may be termed high-bred, to the hair is wrested back from the forehead. The neck is exposed and adorned with a necklace. The bodice, which shades off into indistinctness, is ornamented with lace, and a flower placed rather to the left. A name is written underneath, but this cannot be deciphered."

THE Peoria Democrat says: "A few days ago, ex-Senator Richard Yates went into the Jacksonville Journal office to cowhide the editor of that paper. The matter was brought out a revolver, and Senator Yates could not whip the editor, and after shoot Yates, some one stepped in and prevented a very nasty little fuss. The Journal is the paper that has started all the bad stories about Yates, and the ex-Senator thought to heal his wounded honor by inflicting some wounds upon the editor. While a fight and a shooting would have been a good item, yet, as Jacksonville has a limited Board of Health, it is better for public safety that the matter terminated as it did."

THE Saratoga bells take to religion on Sunday. A Chicago Times letter says: "The little ones are allowed to accompany papa to church, and hat and wear a basket of champagne on Halford's fastest silk on Saturday, won't tilt her pretty eyes to her adorers on Sunday, but continues in the closest companionship with the gospel whenever she is not in church, declaring that the sermon is the prettiest part of the whole service. And the procession of the city to the temple of worship is quite a show. Everybody is in full dress

COURIER-JOURNAL

WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUG. 30, '71.

A New York Mystery.

The brief dispatch in the COURIER-JOURNAL on Sunday morning, announcing the discovery of the dead body of a young woman in a trunk left at the Hudson River railroad depot, in New York, for transportation to Chicago, is followed by a complete development of the mystery in our dispatches this morning, revealing one of those revolting phases of life in a large city which occasionally come to light to shock the moral sense of the country. The guilty abortionist now under arrest is not alone in his infamous business. There are numbers of such slaughter-houses as his in New York; but the villainous practitioners who lure the unfortunate to their dens only to immolate them upon the altar of an ignorant greed, or to fasten upon them the terrible slavery of a life of shame, have hitherto secured comparative immunity for their crimes, partly by bribery, for which the sums extorted from their victims and their victims, friends gave them the means, and partly by a cunning use of secrets which came into their possession in the course of their nefarious business. This time it seems as if one of these professors of double murder is in a fair way to get the stern justice which his practices deserve. The proof is almost complete; public attention has been directed to the affair in such a way that it can not be hushed up; and public indignation has reached such a pitch that those officials who are subject to bribery or other corrupt influences will not dare to let the criminal go free. The case will at least have the good effect of impressing upon the class of human vultures to which this professional abortionist belongs a sense of the danger to which they are continually exposed by the chance that some one of their evil deeds may come to light in as public a manner as this, and it may thus act as a check upon them, and save some few unfortunates from being hurried unshriven into eternity. It is a pity that we cannot add the hope that the horrible exposure will stimulate the moral sense of the citizens of New York to the point of inaugurating a series of severe measures for the repression of this class of crime and purging their community of the evil influence of the dens in which it is practiced.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

GEORGE FRANK, for forging a note, was in Clay-street station last night.

MARVIN WOODS and Fannie Brown, were placed in jail last night on a warrant charging them with fornication.

NINE policemen driving five small pigs through Tenth street, was a novel sight to the juveniles along that thoroughfare yesterday afternoon.

A THIEF entered the residence of Mr. J. B. Wilder on Chestnut, between Fourth and Fifth streets yesterday, stole $30, and escaped without being detected.

A PARTY of five white ruffians assaulted and shot at a negro named Charley Ward, at the corner of Seventeenth and Rowan streets, about twelve o'clock Monday night.

THE thermometer at Cook & Sloss' yesterday indicated the temperature as follows: At 7 A. M., 66 deg.; at 10 A. M., 73 deg.; at 12 M., 76 deg.; at 3 P. M., 80 deg.; at 4 P. M., 81 deg., and at 9 P. M., 79 deg.

A LARGE wagon heavily loaded with bags of wheat, broke down across the track of the Sixth-street railway, between Market and Jefferson, at noon yesterday, and caused serious delay to the cars.

THE Indiana B. B. C., of Jeffersonville, play a practice game of base ball at Taylor Barracks this afternoon at 4 o'clock. The Indianas go to Charlestown, Ind., Friday to play the O. K. club of that city, and are now practicing for that match.

A FREIGHT TRAIN on the Louisville and Nashville railroad ran off the track yesterday, above near Mumfordville, killing seven horses, and injuring several men. The passenger train due here at 2:15 P. M. did not arrive until several hours after the time expected.

A DRIVER of one of the furniture wagons of J. W. Davis & Co., was badly hurt near the corner of First and Jefferson streets yesterday. His wagon tottered and threw him from its seat to the ground. Just then a buggy came dashing along and ran over him, breaking his arm and otherwise badly bruising him. The buggy drove apidly on, and nthe driver was unknown.

A MR. A. WARREN appeared before the City Court yesterday against his sister and her husband, whom he charged with disturbing his serenity. But it was proved that Mr. Warren was as much to blame as any one else, and he alone was fined $30, and put under bonds to keep the peace for twelve months. Mr. Warren did not seem to be able to comprehend this somersault of justice, but the clerk exerted himself to explain it, with the result of the payment of the fine.

WM. F. SHANKS & Co., she contractors for the western out-fall sewer, are making extensive preparations for burning brick and will commence work in a few days. They have prepared, perhaps, the largest brick-yard in the State, and will make 50,000 brick daily, commencing on Thursday next. Their yards and grounds on West Broadway present quite a lively appearance. Cabins and stables are erected and a large number of men have been at work for two weeks past.

CITY BUSINESS.

Remember

the great sale of the Gorman Real Estate and Building Association this afternoon at 2 o'clock.

☞ Experience has shown that real estate investments are the best. Thousands of men who are now rich would be penniless had they not invested their earnings in real estate. Attend Buckel & Shaffer's great sale this afternoon.

The Magnificent Grounds of the German Real Estate and Building Association, Embracing 119 Lots.

Don't fail to be on hand at this great sale to-day, commencing at 2 o'clock P. M. Now is the time to secure a home. To the workingman and the mechanic a better opportunity has never been offered. Take the Market-street cars marked "Shelby street," and on your arrival at Kentucky street an omnibus will carry you to the grounds.

The Reason Why.

The reason why the grounds to be sold by the German Real Estate and Building Association to-day are so desireable is, first, because they are in a healthy location; second, because they are inside the city limits, and close to sewer and paved streets; third, because they are near the terminus of the Market and Shelby-street cars, and convenient to business men, and will enhance more rapidly in value than any other property in the city; fourth, because the terms on which they are offered are so easy (only one-fifth cash, the remainder in one, two, three and four years) that they are within the reach of all.

The Temperance Movement.

The members of the Washington Division of Sons of Temperance, whose lodge-room is now located on the corner of Eleventh and Green streets, are pushing forward their work in the good cause with commendable zeal, and are working up quite a revival among the drinkers in their neighborhood. They have lectures—which the public are invited to attend—every Sunday afternoon, in the old Pioneer Graveyard, between Eleventh and Twelfth streets, on Jefferson, and we are told intend soon to have some evening discourses at the same place, at which time the graveyard will be lighted up with Chinese lanterns, ornamented, and in other respects made a pleasant evening resort. The services of the best speakers that can be procured have been engaged, and persons attending the lectures will doubtless be well pleased.

Kentucky vs. Tennessee.

Lieut. David Needy, the crack shot of Kentucky, will leave the city for Nashville, to-morrow morning, where a shooting match will take place between himself and J. C. Brooks, Esq., the champion of Tennessee. The match will come off at the Nashville rifle range, on Friday, and the winner gets a purse of $400. They are to shoot at fifty single birds each, and the man killing the greatest number wins the laurels. Lieut. Needy is a splendid shot, and Tennessee should not be surprised to see him fax her champion.

Extensive Failure.

Mr. W. H. Dix, an extensive lumber merchant on the corner of Hancock and Main, a prominent citizen, and a former Councilman, has made an assignment for the benefit of his creditors, having liabilities to the amount of $75,000. It is said that Mr. Dix has assets amounting to $93,000, $68,000 of which is in stock of the Louisville Wooden-Ware Manufactory, and $18,000 loaned to that company. Mr. Samuel Russell, of the firm of Bruce & Russell, lawyers, is the assignee.

The Nelson County Fair.

The Nelson County Fair, commencing at Bardstown on Tuesday, September 5th, and continuing five days, is promised by the association to be one of the best ever given on the grounds. A special train leaves the Nashville depot, in this city, every day during the fair at 8:45 A. M., arriving at Bardstown at 9:10 A. M., and returning leaves Bardstown at 4:40 P. M., arriving at Louisville at 7:15 P. M.—the fare being $2 for the round trip.

THE ST. LOUIS AIR-LINE.

A Party of Louisville People go Over to Look at It.

The Work and Its Progress.

By invitation of Hon. Augustus Bradley, President of the Louisville, New Albany and St. Louis Air-line railroad, a party of prominent gentlemen of this city made a visit to the big tunnel, near New Albany, yesterday. Among the number were Mayor Baxter, General I. N. St. John, City Engineer; Judge Bunnell, Charles R. Long, President of Board of Common Council; Henry Wootford, City Treasurer; J. C. Glasgowing, Assistant Superintendent of Short-line railroad; J. S. Murray, B. P. Guthrie, W. B. Say, Ladoyette Joseph, H. W. Ferguson, H. T. Monsch, J. P. Byrne, Henry Fry, Colonel Horace Scott, Superintendent of the Jeffersonville, Madison and Indianapolis railroad; Reuben Wells, master mechanic, and James Bradley, of the Ohio and National Bank, of Jeffersonville; President Bradley had made ample accommodations for his visitors. Conveyances were ready on the arrival of the train. Chief Engineer Duhrer took charge of the reportorial corps. Secretary Lyman, Contractor Matthews, Directors Jesse J. Brown, W. S. Culbertson, G. C. Cassius, Morris McDonald and Col. Bela C. Kent, had their carriages in waiting. A rapid drive soon took the party to Lower Fifth street where the trestle-work commences. This trestle work is intended to overcome the elevation to the first bench of the knob and to save the track from overflow in high water. The length of this trestle, including the bridge over Falling Run, is fifteen hundred feet; the average hight twenty-five feet. From the westend of this trestle to second trestle is three-fourths of a mile, which really is only a long bridge. The third trestle is four hundred and fifty feet in length, with an average hight of thirty-five feet. These three trestles, excepting a span of sixty feet over Falling Run, are completed and ready for the iron. The fourth tunnel is seven hundred and fifty feet in length, with an average elevation of fifty feet. This is not yet completed, but is in a very forward stage of progress. Beside these, there are two other trestles not as long as the ones particularized, but still of large proportions. This trestle-work is built by Messrs. Washer & Hooper, and of the heaviest and best materials. The excavations and cuts on the road are miracles of wonder from their immense hight and great depth. The fills span the deepest and wildest looking gorges ever spanned by the hand of man. The line penetrate the most rugged and impervious looking hills, and yet the work done upon them is in a manner to excite the admiration of the best railroad men of the very many of whom have visited the line. Equally marvelous are the tunnels. These are four in number, on the first six miles of the road. The first two hundred feet long; the second one hundred and seventy feet long; the third two hundred and eighty-five feet long; the fourth three thousand nine hundred feet. The first three are completed ready for the track. The big tunnel has been excavated from the east end five hundred and thirty-two feet. Two shafts have been sunk in it from the top of the hill, the first one hundred and eighteen feet deep. From this the tunnel has been excavated two hundred and fifty feet. The second shaft is seventy-two feet in depth, and from this shaft the excavation reaches one hundred and fifty feet. At the west end of the tunnel two hundred feet has been reached. This will give our readers some idea of the vast energy that is being displayed by President Bradley and his contractors in pushing forward this grand work. This is the longest tunnel in the West, and it penetrates its entire length through a solid blue limestone, which is the character of the rock in all the tunnel. Westward from New Albany the road is in the finest agricultural region of country fifty miles, taking in the famous block coal fields of Indiana, the best coal to be found in the State, and equal for iron smelting to any coal in the country. Rich iron ores are found in the most prolific abundance, and also reached in this distance.

The balance of the road, to Princeton, will be sub-let as fast as the engineers can locate it, and then we will have along the line the best coal, iron-ore, emery, building-stone, mineral paints, oils and even lead. The road will also penetrate the finest agricultural district of Indiana. This will give the people of Louisville some proper idea of the compensation they are to receive for their liberal subscription of five hundred thousand dollars to the road.

From Princeton to Mount Carmel, a distance of ten miles, the road has been completed and in operation since the first of last January. The work on the bridge over the Wabash river, at Mount Carmel, will be completed by the first of April next, and it is confidently hoped to have the entire road finished to the Wabash river by the first of June, 1872. The Illinois division will be completed by the first of January. Everything will be connected with St. Louis by a line nearly fifty miles shorter than she now has, or is likely ever to have.

FATAL ACCIDENT.

A Man Crushed to Death at the Ohio Falls Car Works.

Yesterday morning some men in the Ohio Falls Car Works, just adjoining the western boundary of Jeffersonville, in the freight department of that corporation, were "jacking up" a freight car for the purpose of placing the trucks under it, and at the time the accident here to occurred several men working at the car placing blocks under it as the jacks raised it higher from the ground, when one of the jacks slipped, and the car fell, with several thousand pounds weight, to the ground.

All of the men at the car escaped except one, Eli Carr, who was caught underneath it, and so badly crushed that he never afterward spoke, but continued to breathe for about two hours, when he expired. The services of Dr. L. W. Beckwith, of Jeffersonville, were called in, but, when the docter arrived, he found the unfortunate man senseless and beyond all medical skill.

Dr. Geo. W. Lewman, the Coroner of Clark county, Ind., yesterday afternoon held an inquest on the remains of the deceased, and the jury returned a verdict in accordance with the above facts. Mr. Carr was a widower, probably about forty-five years of age. He lost his wife in Jeffersonville over a year ago. The deceased was formerly from Cleveland, Ohio, which place he left for Jeffersonville about two years ago. He leaves no children, but had an adopted daughter whom he sent to her parents in New York State about a year ago. A brother of Mr. Carr resides in Perry county, Ohio, and a sister in Wells county, Ind. The only adage that could be applied to the scene has been fulfilled in the case of the Ohio Falls Car Works during the past week, for within that time two men have had their limbs broken, two have suffered severe injuries on the hands, and yesterday one of the latter died. Such an unfortunate accident to Mr. Carr, added one more instance of misfortune to the list of casualties.

Selling Spoiled Meat.

Mr. George Metz was presented yesterday by Dr. Blackburn before the City Court for selling unwholesome meat. It was clearly proved that the particular slice of meat, of the worth of ten cents, was spoiled. The police officer testified that the boy, who had been sent by his mother to return the meat, came to him complaining that Metz would not take it back; the meat seemed to be unwholesome, but the smell could only be designated by him in a general way as a decidedly disagreeable smell. A number of others had had a smell of the meat, and the little sister of the boy would not let him to come into the house with his offensive burden. The butcher proved that the shoulder from which he cut the slice of mutton was unusually fresh, beautiful, so much so as to attract the attention of a woman, who exclaimed that it was like mutton in the Fatherland. However, the testimony in regard to the ten cent's worth of mutton was so conclusive that the beautiful condition of the shoulder from which it was cut could not save the vender from a fine of twenty dollars.

The Second-street Pavement.

Why is it that the Nicolson pavement is not constructed for and laid down on Second street? The property-holders petitioned for it over a year ago, and still it hangs fire. The street is nearly impassable, and if not paved very soon we don't see why suit cannot be brought against the city for damages. Every person living on that street has a right to complain of the tardiness of the work in question. There may be other forms of wooden pavement that is as good or better than the Nicolson, but they have as yet to be tried. We know that the property-holders on Second street will be satisfied to have the Nicolson put down, no matter what may be the merits of other patent-wood pavements. We want this pavement before winter sets in, and want to have it commenced right away. If this is done all will be suited.

Playing at Kuklux.

A couple of Irish gentlemen—railroad contractors—who were considerably beat up and cut, put in their appearance at the custom-house yesterday, before U. S. Commissioner Merriwether, and complained that they had been set upon and maltreated in Shelby county, on the branch road, by a band of disguised men, whom they believed to be Kuklux. They desired a warrant to be issued for the apprehension of these Shelby-county Kuklux, but the complaint was not satisfactory to the Commissioner and the warrant was not issued. It was afterwards told about these gentlemen that they had been taken for a band of their discontented employes who were playing at Kuklux.

Base Ball.

A match game of ball was played on the grounds of the old Falls City, yesterday, between the Eckfords and Eagles, Jr., resulting in favor of the Eckfords in 7 innings, by a score of 65 to 44. The Eckfords request us to state that they now claim the junior championship of the State.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	Tot.
Eckfords	14	11	16	01	19	0	02	65
Eagles, Jr	10	0	5	6	7	1	0	44

A match game will be played this afternoon between the Kentuckys and Eagles, Jr., on the old Falls City grounds. Game to be called at 3 o'clock.

LUCKY NUMBERS.

The Figures that Came Out of Gotlieb's Hat Monday.

Gotlieb's Hillsh monthly drawing took place at Shrewsberry, Ky., on Monday. The Judges were D. Turner Latham and J. Tom Valentine; Clerk—Col. J. G. Chenoweth; Cashier—Wm. R. Allen; J. Gotlieb Weeks called to order by Miss Minnie and Miss Kenia Fenwick. The most drawing takes place at Bowling Green, Ky., September 20, 1871.

1	14888	999	1891	499			1999
2	1487	998	1885	498			1983
3	7373	997	9470	497			9467
4	9884	996	1471	496			1967
5	1479	995	9452	495			9447
6	718	994	9062	494			9431
7	1486	993	14956	493			9407
8	1849	992	14908	492			9391
9	18966	991	1895	491			9371
10	7487	990	1894	490			9351
11	7486	989	1893	489			9331
12	18965	988	4770	488			19310
13	1484	987	4769	487			9291
14	1483	986	14179	486			730
15	1482	985	1889	485			9271
16	14980	984	1774	484			19251
17	18980	983	4767	483			9231
18	1479	982	1887	482			9211
19	18964	981	14948	481			9191
20	7477	980	1886	480			9171
21	7476	979	1885	479			9151
22	18963	978	1884	478			9131
23	1475	977	1883	477			9111
24	1474	976	1882	476			9091
25	14961	975	1881	475			9071
26	1473	974	14907	474			9051
27	14960	973	19445	473			7706
28	18962	972	1878	472			9031
29	1471	971	1194	471			9011
30	1470	970	1877	470			8991
31	1469	969	1876	469			8971
32	14959	968	1875	468			8951
33	1468	967	1874	467			8931
34	1467	966	1873	466			8911
35	1466	965	1872	465			8891
36	1465	964	1871	464			8871
37	1464	963	1870	463			8851
38	1463	962	1869	462			8831
39	1462	961	1868	461			8811
40	1461	960	1867	460			8791
41	1460	959	1866	459			8771
42	1459	958	1865	458			8751
43	1458	957	1864	457			8731
44	1457	956	1863	456			8711
45	1456	955	1862	455			8691
46	1455	954	1861	454			8671
47	1454	953	1860	453			8651
48	1453	952	1859	452			8631
49	1452	951	1858	451			8611
50	1451	950	1857	450			8591
51	1450	949	1856	449			8571
52	1449	948	1855	448			8551
53	1448	947	1854	447			8531
54	1447	946	1853	446			8511
55	1446	945	1852	445			8491
56	1445	944	1851	444			8471
57	1444	943	1850	443			8451
58	1443	942	1849	442			8431
59	1442	941	1848	441			8411
60	1441	940	1847	440			8391
61	1440	939	1846	439			8371
62	1439	938	1845	438			8351
63	1438	937	1844	437			8331
64	1437	936	1843	436			8311
65	1436	935	1842	435			8291
66	1435	934	1841	434			8271
67	1434	933	1840	433			8251
68	1433	932	1839	432			8231
69	1432	931	1838	431			8211
70	1431	930	1837	430			8191
71	1430	929	1836	429			8171
72	1429	928	1835	428			8151
73	1428	927	1834	427			8131
74	1427	926	1833	426			8111
75	1426	925	1832	425			8091
76	1425	924	1831	424			8071
77	1424	923	1830	423			8051
78	1423	922	1829	422			8031
79	1422	921	1828	421			8011
80	1421	920	1827	420			7991
81	1420	919	1826	419			7971
82	1419	918	1825	418			7951
83	1418	917	1824	417			7931
84	1417	916	1823	416			7911
85	1416	915	1822	415			7891
86	1415	914	1821	414			7871
87	1414	913	1820	413			7851
88	1413	912	1819	412			7831
89	1412	911	1818	411			7811
90	1411	910	1817	410			7791
91	1410	909	1816	409			7771
92	1409	908	1815	408			7751
93	1408	907	1814	407			7731
94	1407	906	1813	406			7711
95	1406	905	1812	405			7691
96	1405	904	1811	404			7671
97	1404	903	1810	403			7651
98	1403	902	1809	402			7631
99	1402	901	1808	401			7611
100	1401	900	1807	400			7591

PERSONAL.

Gen. G. A. Custer, of the army, is at the Galt House.

Gov. P. H. LESLIE and Hon. R. H. Staunton are in the city, guests of the Willard Hotel.

The many friends of Mr. Will G. Barret will be pained to learn that he is lying critically ill of brain fever, at the residence of his mother, in this city.

Mr. Samuel Smith, special artist for the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company, is preparing to visit New York city to attend the Artists' Convention in that city September 6.

Col. John M. Bacon, of Gen. Sherman's staff, and Miss Cinnie Lobbin, one of Frankfort's most fascinating belles and beauties, were married in the Presbyterian church at Frankfort yesterday afternoon, at half-past two o'clock. The wedding was a most brilliant affair, the parties being attended by six bridesmaids and groomsmen, and the church being crowded by the best people of that city. Immediately after the ceremony, the happy couple started on the Shortline cars on a wedding trip Eastward.

The New Engine House.

The new fire-enginehouse on Sixth street, between York and Kentucky streets, is a real ornament to the locality in which it is situated. It is two stories high, and the front is beautifully decorated with stone and iron finishing. The large windows upstairs are oval at the top, and the bell-tower is built after a modern design, thus giving the building a fine outside appearance. The hall in which the apparatus is to be kept is beautiful and roomy. The stall-room for the horses is built with a view to the comfort of the animals that will occupy it. The floors are so arranged that water can be freely used throughout the entire building without injury to any part to damage therefrom. The men's sleeping apartment will be up stairs, and will be as fine as any hotel in the city. It is said that the city authorities contemplate building cells in a portion of this building to be used as a police station. Such an idea carried out would certainly be disagreeable to a noble fireman, whose duty keeps him up at all times, and who, when he lies down, desires to rest instead of being annoyed by the yells and cries of drunken vagabonds.

The New York Circus To-Day.

The great event of this season in the amusement line will be the entree of the famed New York Circus troupe in Louisville to-day. The performances in the spacious pavilion of this admirable establishment are brilliant, exciting, and in perfectly good taste, which renders them highly enjoyable to persons of refinement and culture. And we would here state that Mr. Lent is a manager who never permits objectionable features in his entertainments; consequently his circus is liberally patronized by families that cannot be induced to attend exhibitions of a similar nature. This morning a procession will be given, the features of which will be the musical brigade, the golden chariot, the beautiful horses and diminutive ponies of the New York Circus. The route will be as follows: Starting from the United States Hotel at 9¼ o'clock, to Jefferson to and through the following streets: First, Main, Tenth, Broadway, First, Walnut, Twelfth, Market, Sixth, Jefferson back to hotel. Entertainments will be given this afternoon and evening, also to-morrow and next day. Will. S. Hays has tickets for sale.

A Serious Shooting Affair.

About eleven o'clock yesterday morning two negro men, Tom Hughes and Ben Smith, started to the commons in the vicinity of Sixth street and Magnolia avenue to cut sedding for the purpose of filling a contract they had made. Smith took with him an old musket, which, he says, had been loaded for a long time, and it was his intention to discharge its contents. Arriving at the top of a hill in the commons, and when Hughes was some forty feet distant, Smith leveled the weapon and aimed at his companion, and then fired, perforating Hughes' left arm, breast and cheek with small shot. Hughes made his way home, which is on Center street, between Chestnut and Broadway, where he was lying very low last night. After the shooting, Smith visited a base-ball ground near by, where a game was going on, and it was there that Officers Coulter and Johnson arrested him.

CITY FEATURES.

Grass & Grass

used to be boys, and it was not so very long ago either, and they know how well a boy likes a nice fitting shirt. We have arranged to give you boys the same chance as the men, and they now make any style in boys' shirts that they make in men's. The prettiest style, however, is their new style, the Bon Ton, open in the back or front, with or without side plaits. Louisville sizes 12s, 13s. 130 Main street and 131 Fourth street.

I Love You.

Phalon's new perfume is the best; 75 cents at the Universal Exposition.

Steamer Fish Varble at Auction.

This boat will be sold on Saturday, September 9, at 3 o'clock. She has been a faithful boat, and is still capable of making a good deal of money in trade that she is adapted for. She is not suited to the trade of the Louisville and Arkansas Packet Company, which is the reason for her being sold. No doubt she will be sold at a great bargain.

Universal Exposition.

Phalon's new perfume, "I Love You," 75 cents.

The Best.

The popular Cable Screw Wire Boots and Shoes again present their merits through our advertising columns. The public has already indorsed their claims of superiority in regard to pliability, economy, and comfort, and the demand for these goods is enormous from all sections.

Delicate and Lasting.

Phalon's new perfume, "I Love You," at the Universal Exposition.

Connubial Felicity.

Nothing tends more to connubial happiness than cheerful and healthy infants and children. Mrs. Whitcomb's Syrup is the great children's soothing remedy.

Walnut Book Shelves

at $1 at the Universal Exposition.

☞ Hazard & Caswell's Cod-Liver Oil is the purest, sweetest and best in the world. Physicians have decided it superior to any other Cod Liver Oil in the market. Patients who have once taken it can take no other.

Chills! Chills!

This is the season for fever and ague. Winter-smith's Tonic Syrup is a certain cure. Read certificates in another column.

Twelfth-street Church Excursion.

The members of the Twelfth-street M. E. Church will visit Memphis, Ind., to-morrow, on an excursion. A train will leave the Fourteenth-street depot at 8:30 A. M., and will take persons desiring to go at fifty cents the round trip. The affair promises to be delightful, as the railroad company intend furnishing some of their finest coaches for the occasion. The concert of the Sabbath-school children of the above church passed off elegantly last night, and the children were complimented with frequent rounds of applause. The building was well filled with spectators, all of whom went home well pleased with the entertainment.

Sudden Death.

Early yesterday morning a young single gentleman, recognized as Samuel Kearib, died suddenly of heart disease, at a residence five miles from the city on the Bardstown pike. Coroner Weber was notified and an inquisition was held over the remains, the verdict of which was that death was caused as above stated.

Till-Tapping.

Fred and Henry Peters, two boys of sieven and thirteen years of age, were arrested yesterday, charged with till-tapping, and lodged in Clay-street station. It appears that another boy had committed the theft, at the Preston-street market, giving the money, $2 50, to the two arrested.

NEW ALBANY.

The County Commissioners meet next Monday, September 4.

The colored Baptist Association meet in this city September 5th.

Forty-five persons have enrolled their names as charter members of the new lodge of Knights of Pythias.

Dowerman & Brother will commence to put in place the frame-work of Capt. Barnes' new boat to-day.

Bishop Simpson has transferred Rev. S. Bowers, pastor of Wesley Chapel, to Grace Church, Newport, Ky.

Mrs. Mary Sloan, charged with keeping a house of ill repute, appeared in the Police Court yesterday morning, and the case was continued until this morning.

Mr. Mathew Dowerman was severely hurt by slipping from a boiler at the shipyard mill and striking his elbow on a bolt. The injury is much swollen, and he will be deprived of the use of it for some time.

The superintendents of the Sunday Schools of the city are requested to meet with the executive committee of the Floyd-county Sunday School Association at the Second Presbyterian Church Friday evening at 7½ o'clock.

John Reynolds, of the Odd Fellows' Talisman, published in Indianapolis, was in the city yesterday on business connected with the interests of his paper. Mr. Reynolds will visit Louisville, New Albany and Jeffersonville the present week.

Mr. Reuben Robertson has returned from the District Christian Association, now in session at Huddy's Ford church, near Providence, Clark county. The association will continue in session until the close of this week. The attendance is large and considerable interest manifested.

James Maloney was arrested by Officers Smith and Matlock under the charge of obtaining goods under false pretenses and placed in jail. Maloney left this city ago in the New Albany Glass Works as a bottle-blower. He will have a preliminary examination in the City Court this morning.

At a regular meeting of the Beecher Literary Association Monday night, Moses Epstein was elected Vice President, and Frank English, Librarian. The officers have collected a fine library, and invite the young gentlemen of the city to pay them a visit. They will be made most cordially welcome.

Mr. A. Knoefel is in receipt of a letter from a relative at Ayderville, Perry county, which informs him that extensive coal-fields have been recently discovered in Perry and Spencer counties, near the line of the Louisville, New Albany and St. Louis Air-line Railway. The coal is of a quality equal, if not superior, to Pittsburgh coal.

Mr. William Knaner, secretary of the New Albany Rifle Club, furnishes the following result of the regular practice of the club, which will now on its usual summer excursion. No circus or one company can produce five such artists as M'LLE CAROLINE ROLLAND.
THE GREAT MELVILLE,
GEORGE DONALD.
LE PETIT ALEXANDER, and
FRANK MELVILLE.
The FIVE LEADING BAREBACK RIDERS of this establishment, while in every department of Equestrian and Acrobatic art the various positions are filled by a CONSTELLATION of
ACKNOWLEDGED STARS,
UNPARALLELED IN EUROPE OR AMERICA.
First season in America of the wonderful
CYNOCEPHALUS!
The Director of the New York Circus wishes it to be distinctly understood that this remarkable creature is not a human being, classed as an animal, but a GENUINE CYNOCEPHALUS from Africa.
One of the great features of the New York Circus is Prof. Chas. Boswold's
BRASS AND REED BAND,
which is THREE TIMES AS LARGE as any band ever attached to any other circus, and will parade the streets about 10 A. M. in THE LARGEST, MOST MASSIVE, and ELABORATELY CARVED and DECORATED
GOLDEN CHARIOT
ever constructed, and drawn by the handsomest **TEAM OF TWENTY-FOUR HORSES** that the world can produce. This Brilliant Golden Chariot was constructed expressly for this MONSTER MUSICAL ORGANIZATION at the expenditure of FIFTEEN THOUSAND DOLLARS, and is the only chariot in the world spacious enough to contain the band.
MAMMOTH BAND.
The uniform of this Band is in the style of the French Imperial Cent Garde, being gorgeous beyond description, and costing the sum of EIGHT THOUSAND DOLLARS. The Golden Chariot will be followed by a
TEAM OF TWELVE FAIRY PONIES,
the SMALLEST and PRETTIEST in the world.
THIS CIRCUS HAS THE
Largest and Best Constructed
CIRCUS TENT,
WITH MORE AND
BETTER SEATING CAPACITY
Than any other Circus Tent in America.
The Director of the New York Circus offers the following
CHALLENGE!
OPEN TO ALL THE WORLD!
$10,000
THAT THE
NEW YORK CIRCUS
IS THE
BEST CIRCUS IN THE WORLD
The entire amount of the winnings on the decision of the vague shall be handed over to the treasurer of the Orphans' Home, or to some other charitable institution in Louisville, the object of this challenge being to "advertise it a FACT, and at the same time to aid a worthy charity. Here is an excellent opportunity for *boastful pretenHousmen* to exploit itself.

FIRM CHANGES.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

LOUISVILLE, KY., July 24, 1871.

THE undersigned, constituting the firm of O'Neil & Co., give notice that the said firm is this day dissolved by George W. Blair retiring therefrom. The business of the late firm will be settled by the remaining partners.

J. N. O'NEIL,
WM. H. O'NEIL,
S. P. LARGE,
J. M. LARGE,
G. W. BLAIR.

LOUISVILLE, KY., August 21, 1871.

We will continue the coal business as heretofore under the style of O'Neil & Co., at the old stand, 69 Fourth street, and 98 Third street, and respectfully ask a continuance of the patronage of our friends and the public.

JAS. O'CONNOR (late of the firm of Jas. O'Connor, Bro. & Co., 96 Third street,) will be our sole managing agent, and authorized to collect and receipt for debts due the old firm.

J. N. O'NEIL,
WM. H. O'NEIL,
S. P. LARGE,
J. N. LARGE.

au26 d10

HOTEL PERSONALS.

The Galt House.

John Duncan, Richmond, Va.; H. H. Taggart, Columbus, Miss.; E. J. Ousley, Lexington; J. Patterson, Scott county, Ky.; Louis Bush, New Orleans; W. Henderson, Indianapolis; H. T. Huggins, England; Wm. James, St. Louis; D. J. Doyle, Memphis; Josiah H. Bunton, New York; John S. Gibbs, New Orleans; J. R. Mayson, Canton, Miss., and J. C. Smith, Canton, Miss., were some of the arrivals at the Galt House last evening.

United States Hotel.

Arrivals: John A. Glass, Trenton (Tenn.) Gazette; Dr. and Mrs. G. W. D. Reed, Philadelphia, Pa.; J. S. Van Buren, W. G. Simpson, Cincinnati, Ohio; D. McMillan, Chattanooga, Tenn.; Mrs. Shadden Lewis, Memphis, Tenn.; R. S. Evans and wife, F. G. Cox, Lewis Potter, and Mrs. O. J. Long, Bowling Green, Ky.

A Card.

In several of our morning papers there is a gross mis-statement of an affair in which my name appears.

To my friends I need only say that in the matter I showed no undue temper. My vehemence can testify that I showed no discourtesy to any lady, and that I acted and spoke but as a gentleman should.

L. N. GOLDSMITH.

AMUSEMENTS.

New York Circus

From the Hippotheatron Iron Buildings,
Fourteenth st., opposite the Academy of Music,
N. Y.

L. B. LENT, Director.

CHESTNUT & FOURTH STS.,
Wednesday, Thursday & Friday, Aug. 30 & 31 & Sep. 1.

Grand entree at 2½ and 8 o'clock. Admission 50 cents. Children under 10 years 35 cents. Tickets for sale at Will. S. Hays' Music Store, 180 Fourth street.

THIS CELEBRATED METROPOLITAN TROUPE, which has been established for years in New York, is

The Only Circus

that has ever secured a permanent footing among the regular places of amusement in this city, and now on its usual summer excursion. No circus or one company can produce five such artists as

M'LLE CAROLINE ROLLAND,
THE GREAT MELVILLE,
GEORGE DONALD,
LE PETIT ALEXANDER, and
FRANK MELVILLE.

The FIVE LEADING BAREBACK RIDERS of this establishment, while in every department of Equestrian and Acrobatic art the various positions are filled by a CONSTELLATION of

ACKNOWLEDGED STARS,

UNPARALLELED IN EUROPE OR AMERICA.

First season in America of the wonderful

CYNOCEPHALUS!

The Director of the New York Circus wishes it to be distinctly understood that this remarkable creature is not a human being, disguised as an animal, but a GENUINE CYNOCEPHALUS from Afric